

DAVID WHITEHEAD

ABBREVIATED ATHENIAN DEMOTICS

aus: Zeitschrift für Papyrologie und Epigraphik 81 (1990) 105–161

© Dr. Rudolf Habelt GmbH, Bonn



## ABBREVIATED ATHENIAN DEMOTICS

'And he made (fellow-)demesmen of those living in each of the demes, in order that they would not, by using patronymics, expose the new citizens, but would call them after the demes; and hence Athenians do call each other after the demes'. (?Aristotle, *AthPol* 21.4).

For all that we have a few instances of deme-names (*demotika*) which pre-date the reforms of Kleisthenes, there can be no doubt that it was he who sought to make their use mandatory and universal; and (after piecemeal beginnings) *demotika* duly identified individual Athenians, in public documents and elsewhere, for more than eight hundred years thereafter. However, as the most desultory acquaintance with such documents reveals, the *demotikon* was frequently proffered in abbreviated rather than full form.

When did this practice begin? Was it seen as appropriate to, or is it at least found in, certain types of document but not others? And - as a prerequisite for investigating these and other questions - what are the abbreviations actually attested? For enlightenment in this regard one turns naturally to the second volume of Larfeld's *Handbuch* and its presentation of Athenian epigraphic 'Abbreviaturen'.<sup>1</sup> Yet the guidance provided there is less than satisfactory. It is not merely that Larfeld's lists are irksome to use by anyone wishing to isolate abbreviated demotics from abbreviations generally; more important, the passage of time has rendered them seriously out-of-date both quantitatively, as regards the simple accumulation of new data, and also qualitatively, in terms of new work done on old stones - sometimes improving individual readings, occasionally altering our perception of an entire document.<sup>2</sup> The aim of the present paper is therefore to preface a series of questions that we might care to ask concerning abbreviated demotics with a fresh overview of the relevant evidence.

Prior to collecting and digesting this evidence I had vaguely supposed that doing so might permit the discernment of (one or more) "normal" abbreviations for each demotic, a finding which, whatever its intrinsic historical interest, would serve primarily as an aid in and control on epigraphic editing and restoration. And for many demotics, to be sure, one particular abbreviated form does crop up more often, in simple numerical terms, than others.<sup>3</sup> But that is not to say that these are "norms" in any historically (or methodologically) meaningful sense; for more striking by far than any discernible standardization is its absence.

<sup>1</sup> W.Larfeld, *Handbuch der griechischen Inschriften II: die attischen Inschriften* (Leipzig 1902) 515-533.

<sup>2</sup> For example it matters for genre purposes that, pace Larfeld 533, IG III 1445 (now II<sup>2</sup> 4513) is not a grave monument but, as Graindor showed in 1917, a votive tablet.

<sup>3</sup> See below, Section I, under (e.g.) Acharnai, Aixone, Angele, Athmonon, Azenia, Berenikidai, Cholargos, Eleusis, Erchia, Gargettos, Halai, Kephisia, Koile, Lamptrai, Myrrhinous, Oion, Phaleron, Phlya, Sounion, Sphettos.

In the first place, while the Athenians' overall approach to the business of abbreviating their demotics was to adopt a simple suspension method, that is, dropping final letters,<sup>4</sup> most demotics for which there is evidence in reasonable quantity are found abbreviated at one time or another in every conceivable way which that method allowed - a Παλληνεύς, for example, appearing in eight possible guises, from Παλληνεύ to mere Π. Secondly, and more significantly still, there is often an astonishing lack of standardization within a single document. A thiasos catalogue from the first quarter of the fourth century BC, for instance, proffers four versions of Ἀγρυλῆθεν - Ἀγρυ, Ἀγρυλ, Ἀγρυλῆ, Ἀγρυλῆθ - within nine lines (IG II<sup>2</sup> 2345.76-84; cf. II<sup>2</sup> 1951. 316-322), while a dedication by Erechtheid gymnasiarchs and others later in that same century, IG II<sup>2</sup> 3105, contains no fewer than eight ways (orthography abetting) of abbreviating the demotic Λαμπτρεύς. Cases where differing abbreviations of the same demotic occur in adjacent lines of an inscription, with yet others nearby, are too numerous to mention; and abbreviated demotics commonly co-exist with full ones.

We therefore have to deal, in this area, with (a) a partial picture of (b) what seems to have been total laissez faire; and the upshot of these twin considerations needs to be clearly understood, both by those who publish documents which include abbreviated demotics and by those (such as the present writer) who work from printed texts but aim to approach and assess them critically. First and most obviously, parallel and precedent has almost no legitimate role to play here. When, for instance, David Lewis read an additional gamma in IG II<sup>2</sup> 1554.5 and accordingly changed Kirchner's Φρεάρ]ρ into Ἀ]γρ (SEG 18.36.A95), he rightly felt no need to comment that the latter was a hapax legomenon; and by the same token there are no conclusions whatever to be drawn from the fact that one demotic, Πήληξ, appears to be entirely unrepresented in abbreviated form. But I would venture to suggest that certain other properties (so to speak) of abbreviated demotics are more dimly appreciated, even by experts in Attic epigraphy for whom they represent such staple fare. By this I do not mean genuine disagreement between editors over what is to be read on the stone, where only rarely can outsiders hope to adjudicate,<sup>5</sup> or even failure on an editor's part to take into account all possible demotics that might be at issue, which the informed reader can hope to

---

<sup>4</sup> See generally on this M. Avi-Yonah, 'Abbreviations in Greek Inscriptions', in A.N. Oikonomides (ed.), Abbreviations in Greek Inscriptions, Papyri, Manuscripts and Early Printed Books (Chicago 1974) 21ff. For demotics abbreviated by contraction - 'the omission of one or more letters from the middle of the word' (Avi-Yonah) - see merely IG II<sup>2</sup> 3424.5 and 9, ἐκ Κεων, that is, ἐκ Κε(ραμέ)ων. (IG II<sup>2</sup> 215.3f, Φ]λυε(ό)c, and its like are presumably mechanical errors by masons.)

<sup>5</sup> In line 35 of Agora XV 58 (Akamantid councillors, 305/4), for instance, Meritt and Traill read Τρι[v]ε where Dow, seemingly, had seen Τρινεμεύς (Prytaneis no.1). Conversely - since letters certainly can, on occasion, disappear over time - is one to believe, for IG II<sup>2</sup> 2102.58 (ephebic catalogue, 170s AD), Kirchner's Σφήττ or Follet's Σφήττιος, and, for II<sup>2</sup> 2155.2 (ephebic catalogue, ?160s AD), Kirchner's 'Αχα or Mitsos's 'Αχαρνεύς? Such cases, together with others where doubt arises for different reasons, are usually classified as uncertain in Section I, below.

notice and correct.<sup>6</sup> I refer, rather, to unexamined and, upon examination, unwarrantable assumptions about whether an abbreviation (where it is not manifestly such) is in question at all and, if it is, its precise form. A lost beginning of an abbreviated demotic is an obvious nuisance if it spells ambiguity between, say Λ]αμ(πτρεύc), Π]αμ(βωτάδηc) and Κ]αμ(βωνίδηc); a lost middle can mean a choice, and doubt, between (e.g.) 'Αχ[α]ρ(νεύc) and 'Αχ[ε]ρ(δούcιoc), or 'Α[v]αφ(λύctιoc) and 'Α[ρ]αφ(ήνιoc); but what a far greater number of incompletely-preserved abbreviated demotics lack is what is particularly crucial for our purposes here, their ends. Provided there is something to be read or securely restored immediately after the demotic, so as to establish that the demotic must have been abbreviated, and abbreviated in a precisely ascertainable way, nothing need be queried; Αι[ξω, Κυ[θήρρ or even - prosopography or other external evidence permitting - ['Ραμνούc] thus become data every bit as valuable as Αιξω, Κυθήρρ and 'Ραμνούc. What one comes across in an investigation of this kind, however, is too many pseudo-data. In the fourth-century BC mining leases published by Margaret Crosby in *Hesperia* 1950 and 1957, for example, her particular version of an abbreviated demotic is arbitrarily chosen (or not demonstrably an abbreviation at all) in more than thirty places. A published piece of text such as lines 21-23 of *Hesperia* 19 (1950) 226-236, no.13 - Διο]πείθ[ηc] Διοκλείδο | [Φρε: ....9.... ὀναcά]ξιμ[o]ν στήλην ἔχοι[v - lends a spurious precision to the issue of what to restore after the name. Similarly, even David Lewis's scrupulous re-editing of manumission documents in *Hesperia* 1959 and 1968 proffers some abbreviated demotics which, as the case may be, might be marginally too long or too short; and the same is true of Michael Walbank's more recent publication (*Hesperia* 1983) of the leases of sacred properties.<sup>7</sup>

To make such observations is of course to risk being told to keep silence unless and until one has worked on the stones one's self, and I am under no illusions that my second-hand judgements would survive first-hand expert scrutiny in each and every case. Nonetheless it is difficult to feel confidence in the way many incompletely-preserved abbreviated demotics are presented, especially as regards columns of them in bouleutic and ephebic catalogues and the like. Sometimes the pitfalls (for the reader of the printed text) defy any reasonable attempt to spot them in advance,<sup>8</sup> but I would maintain that, in contexts of this kind, nothing should be taken for granted beyond the last letter wholly or partially legible on the stone. Prima facie

<sup>6</sup> In *Hesperia* 19 (1950) 226-236, no.13, line 20 (ἐκ Ko[- - -]), for example, Margaret Crosby ought to have considered Koile as well as Kolonus; and whereas for ib. 244-254, no.16, line 51 she later (see SEG 16.130) realized that - - ]λω could equally well be Π]λω as 'Α]λω, this still overlooked both Ko]λω (Kolonai) and ἐκ Ko]λω (Kolonus).

<sup>7</sup> For chapter and verse see Section I, below.

<sup>8</sup> Kirchner's edition of IG II<sup>2</sup>2340 (catalogue of the Kerykid genos, c.200 AD), for example, prints a column of largely restored full demotics and a mysterious P// at the left-hand extremity of line 21. This Mitsos (BCH 73 (1949) 359-360) read as M]αρα, on the strength of which 'Α[χαρνεύc], Κο[θωκίδηc] etc. are made to shrink to 'Α[χαρ] and Κο[θω]. Possibly they should, but who can say? Were all demotics in this document abbreviated, and (if so) does M]αρα warrant four-letter abbreviations throughout?

Πατ[αν] or whatever becomes an improper and misleading word to print if absolutely nothing after the iota can be made out. The editor may well be in a position to calculate, and to report, that anything longer than Παταν would be too long to fit. Where doubt must persist and be made explicit is whether the mason cut Πατ, Πατα or Παταν.

The point need be laboured no further at this stage. The assemblage of data which now follows aims to assess it critically and to distinguish between what is firm and what conjectural. And in order to streamline this as much as possible, my own abbreviations - to a single publication in each case, unless variant readings arise - are rather extreme ones. Data drawn from IG are prefixed by volume number only (I<sup>2</sup>, I<sup>3</sup>, II<sup>2</sup>, XII 8), and the following designated by a single letter:

A B.D.Meritt and J.S.Traill, *The Athenian Agora*, XV, *Inscriptions: The Athenian Councillors* (Princeton 1974)

F S.Follet, *Athènes au II<sup>e</sup> et au III<sup>e</sup> siècle: études chronologiques et prosopographiques* (Paris 1976), Appendix I (unless otherwise indicated)

H *Hesperia* (with volume number but not year)

K J.H.Kroll, *Athenian Bronze Allotment Plates* (Cambridge Mass. 1972), Catalogue

S SEG (cited in preference to original place of publication)

(Thus, for example, H19.240ff.25/29/42 will stand for M.Crosby, *Hesperia* 19 (1950) 240-244, no.15, lines 25, 29 and 42.) References to the third-century archon list IG II<sup>2</sup> 1706 give the line numbers not only of that edition but also, where they differ, of the re-edition by S.Dow, *Hesperia* 2 (1933) 418-446. In addition, as regards any demotics so abbreviated as to be intrinsically ambiguous, a bracketed (t) or (p) will show that they can be attributed on the basis of tribal order and prosopographical evidence respectively.

## I: THE EVIDENCE

I confine myself to the 'constitutional demes' as defined and isolated by J.S.Traill, *The Political Organization of Attica* (*Hesperia suppl.*14, 1975) - hereinafter Traill, POA: 139 of them so designated by Kleisthenes himself and 3 more (Berenikidai, Apollonieis, Antinoeis) in subsequent centuries. Given that six pairs of demes were homonymous (Eitea, Eroiadai, Halai, Kolonai, Oinoe, Oion), five demes divided in half (Agryle, Ankyle, Lamptrai, Paiania, Pergase) and one into three parts (Upper and Lower Potamos, Potamos Deiradiotes), this produces 129 demotics to consider. Under each deme's heading I give (a) the normal full demotic,<sup>9</sup> (b) attested abbreviations (without indication of grammatical case)

---

<sup>9</sup> Some demes, to be sure, had more than one of them. This is indicated only where relevant to abbreviation.

in increasing order of length, and (c) dubious cases.<sup>10</sup> Any general remarks are added under (d). Square brackets round line numbers indicate wholly restored demotics.

### 1. ACHARNAI

(a) Ἀχαρνεύς

(b) AX: II<sup>2</sup>1951.263(or Acherdous)/264(or Acherdous), 2067.125(t), 2103.121(t), 2194.32/33/34/35(all t)

AXA: II<sup>2</sup>1611.110, 1706.2, 2052.80, 2086.146, 2103.122, 2193.105, 2208.74, 2248.11

AXAP: I<sup>3</sup>476.341(HAXAP); II<sup>2</sup>360.46, 1436.[7], 1518.50, 1534.265, 1566.36, 1570.43, 1609.75/83/86/87/89/111, 1615.69/97, 1622.651, 1623.103, 1624.51, 1628.22/46/69/402/573, 1629.761/855/943/1097, 1631.[15]/126/160/208/635/670, 1632.37f/59/69/126/142/182, 1706.111(153 Dow), 1929.17, 1930.21, 1996.58/59, 2019.22, 2020.48, 2044.19/63/80, 2046.22/44, 2049.89, 2050.28/96/97, 2051.53/54/57/58, 2058.2, 2059.56, 2067.12/124/126/127/128/129, 2068.80, 2070.13, 2075.15/16, 2086.143/144/145/147/148/150/151, 2087.14/47, 2113.14/17/24/33, 2119.30, 2128.67/68/69, 2130.8/65/68/80/168/169/170/172, 2167.6, 2193.35/41/106/107/147, 2203.26, 2208.11/36/38/84, 2215.18/19/20, 2275.4, 2473.5, 2859.2, 3607.13/37, 4513.2/3; A449.13, 460.84 (see S26.123: AX<A>P); F4.23/26/27/28, 6.17 (or AX<E>P)/81/82/83, 8.43/77; H5.393ff.152; K50, 121, 177; S12.115.10, 12.134.7, 18.36.B272/333, 21.527.77/78, 21.578.B5, 29.152.I34, 32.118.35, 34.142

AXAPN: I<sup>3</sup>455.17; II<sup>2</sup>1436.5, 1534.261/267, 1609.77, 1612.135, 1622.777, 1623.30/214, 1631.287/439, 1632.27/29/56f/88, 1664.16, 1930.8/16, 1951.97/410, 2017.18, 2028.5, 2193.104, 2822.7; H19.240ff.6; (?)K111; S18.36.[A510], 26.191.7

AXAPNE: II<sup>2</sup>1524.53f/107/159/181, 1576.68, 1588.3/[4](cf.S28.135)/8, 1609.78, 1622.604, 1623.322, 1664.13, 1706.48, 2017.18, 2024.35; A49.4; K12; S18.36.A99/500, 19.174.10, 32.118.72

AXAPNEY: II<sup>2</sup>1622.659; A49.32; H57.314f.14; S22.101.27.

(c) II<sup>2</sup>1443.7, 1566.21, 1612.247/248, 1632.174f., 2070.12, 2155.2 (cf.S12.115.8), 2318.280; F4.20, 6.19; H19.236ff.43; S12.140.1/2/3/5/6/7/9, 28.121.72, 33.167.fII3, 33.168[AII39]

---

<sup>10</sup> That is, instances where because of either differences in the printed texts (cf. note 5, above) or the preserved state of the stone it is unclear whether a demotic was full or abbreviated or else, if abbreviated, to what precise degree. (It might incidentally be noted that there is a strong likelihood, in IG and elsewhere, of more abbreviated demotics than one can readily detect; cf. note 8, above, and note 13, below.)

## 2. ACHERDOUS

(a) Ἀχερδούσιος

(b) AX: II<sup>2</sup>1951.263(or Acharnai)/264(or Acharnai)

AXEP: II<sup>2</sup>332.[3], 1561.[33](see H28.234), 2067.141; F6.17(or AX<A>P)

AXEPΔ: II<sup>2</sup>2035.3

AXEPΔΟΥΔΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1624.72, 1706.8

## 3. AGRYLE

(a) Ἀγρυλῆθεν

(b) ΑΓΡ: S18.36.A95

ΑΓΡΥ: II<sup>2</sup>1534.265, 1951.282/318/319/320/322/353, 2020.78/79, 2049.40, 2051.5, 2345.84; S12.100.58f, 18.36.A147, 21.527.76

ΑΓΡΥΛ: II<sup>2</sup>1951.316, 2049.39, 2345.83; H9.79f.11

ΑΓΡΥΛΗ: II<sup>2</sup>1951.317/321, 2203.17, 2318.54, 2345.76/77/78, 2822.6, 3104.14; K120; S12.100.12f/23, 21.527.79

ΑΓΡΥΛΗΘ: II<sup>2</sup>1436.[4]/6, 1623.147, 2345.79

ΑΓΡΥΛΗΘΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1609.77(or ΑΓΓΕΛ]ΗΘΕ or ΑΓΚΥΛ]ΗΘΕ); A49.25

(c) F7.19; S16.123.10

## 4. AIGILIA

(a) Αἰγιλιεύς

(b) ΑΙΓΙ: S12.100.46/80, 21.636.5, 24.262.6

ΑΙΓΙΛ: II<sup>2</sup>502.11, 1534.226; S32.118.73

ΑΙΓΙΛΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1592.11/12/22(see S34.124), 1628.102; H19.236ff.47; S24.262.1

ΑΙΓΙΛΙΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1628.72; K138

(c) II<sup>2</sup>1628.[141]; H19.210ff.[5]

## 5. AITHALIDAI

(a) Αἰθαλίδης

(b) ΑΙΘ: II<sup>2</sup>2113.20; S29.152.I84

ΑΙΘΑ: II<sup>2</sup>2050.68, 2248.7; K57; S12.100.56f/76

(c) H19.240ff.23, S16.123.[18]/[20]

## 6. AIXONE

- (a) Αἰξωνεύς
- (b) ΑΙΞ: II<sup>2</sup>1951.48, 2113.42; (?)F4.34; H5.393ff.125; S29.114.59  
 ΑΙΞΩ: II<sup>2</sup>124.20, 1582.109, 1609.96, 1622.502, 1623.61, 2017.22, 2046.25/26,  
 2113.60, 2130.176, 2726.5; XII 8.63.7/8; H19.208f.12; S12.100.50f  
 ΑΙΞΩΝ: II<sup>2</sup>1609.95 (ΑΙΞΩΙ), 1930.25  
 ΑΙΞΩΝΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1436.2, 1524.70, 1612.128; H19.274f.7  
 ΑΙΞΩNEY: II<sup>2</sup>1706.116(158 Dow); A49.15
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>2018.20; S34.63.10(cf.H7.278)

## 7. ALOPEKE

- (a) Ἀλωπεκῆθεν
- (b) ΑΛ: II<sup>2</sup>1958.32(or Halai or Halimous)  
 ΑΛΩ: II<sup>2</sup>1611.400, 1612.311, 1616.25, 1672.3/[212]/249, 2020.26, 2065.120,  
 2067.173/174/175, 2068.78, 2082.2, 2128.99/103, 3607.16/18; H19.244ff.51(or KO]ΛΩ or  
 EK KO]ΛΩ or Π]ΛΩ); K47  
 ΑΛΩΠΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1534.220, 1632.181, 1706.50, 2086.171, 2087.11; S12.100.64,  
 32.118.50/68  
 ΑΛΩΠΙΕ: I<sup>3</sup>476.307f.(ΑΛ[Ο]ΠΙΕ); II<sup>2</sup>1605.31, 1615.135, 1622.250/331/558/563,  
 1672.35/135f/274, 1706.81(101 Dow), 1930.7, 1958.17/31, 1996.65, 2119.81, 5573.2; K37  
 (For H37.370.23 see under Halai)  
 ΑΛΩΠΙΚ: II<sup>2</sup>143.14, 1570.41, 1609.84, 1623.3, 1706.10, 2024.121/122;  
 H5.393ff.110; S14.64.56, 18.36.B267  
 ΑΛΩΠΙΚΗ: II<sup>2</sup>1400.8, 1612.279, 1622.312, 1672.[214], 2050.15, 5573.1, 5579.3;  
 H19.226ff.(?)7f(see ibid.p.234), 19.274f.6; S23.96.6  
 ΑΛΩΠΙΚΗΘΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1672.38  
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>1571.12f, 2065.119

## 8. AMPHITROPE

- (a) Ἀμφιτροπῆθεν
- (b) ΑΜΦ: II<sup>2</sup>1929.21  
 ΑΜΦΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1582.73, 2193.138  
 ΑΜΦΙΤ; II<sup>2</sup>1929.25  
 ΑΜΦΙΤΡ: II<sup>2</sup>1622.586, 1623.266; H19.254ff.3

ΑΜΦΙΤΡΟ: II<sup>2</sup>1028.132, 1623.256, 1631.631, 1632.124, 2645.4f

ΑΜΦΙΤΡΟΠ: II<sup>2</sup>1534.288, 1631.620, 1632.44/89/109

ΑΜΦΙΤΡΟΠΗ: II<sup>2</sup>1628.452, 1706.30

ΑΜΦΙΤΡΟΠΗΘ: H19.222f.17

(c) II<sup>2</sup>1583.24(S28.125), 1632.127, 2065.118, 2443.34; H19.254ff.27f

#### 9. ANAGYROUS

(a) Ἀναγυράσιος

(b) ANA: II<sup>2</sup>1582.44(p), 2058.5(or Anakaia or Anaphlystos), 2070.3(or Anakaia or Anaphlystos), 2208.46(t), 3105.30(t)

ΑΝΑΓ: II<sup>2</sup>502.8, 1622.685, 1625.4, 1629.770, 1951.279; K7; S26.176.14/15

ΑΝΑΓΥ: II<sup>2</sup>1582.82 (see H19.249), 1593.15, 1609.106, 1611.329, 1618.69/106, 1622.168/238, 1629.918, 1631.[12], 2042.19, 2128.6, 3105.16/41: XII 8.63.5; S29.152.I49

ΑΝΑΓΥΡ: II<sup>2</sup>1631.[132]/163, 1632.341, 1955.10/13, 2067.26, 2662.4 (For II<sup>2</sup>1706.76(96 Dow) see under Anakaia)

ΑΝΑΓΥΡΑ: II<sup>2</sup>1436.1, 1609.44, 1612.291, 1615.100, 1623.136/291, 1628.25, 1631.[122]/203, 1672.48, 2019.14, 3105.34/44; K23; S12.100.49/52

ΑΝΑΓΥΡΑCI: II<sup>2</sup>1400.6, 1628.399, 1629.754, 1930.4, 1940.28 (or ΘPI]ACI or ΠΡ]ACI or ΠΤΕΛΕ]ACI or TEIΘP]ACI or ΦΥΛ]ACI), 2052.35

(c) II<sup>2</sup>124.[22], 1534.220f, 1609.[371], 1669.2(or Anakaia or Anaphlystos)

#### 10. ANAKAIA

(a) Ἀνακαιεύς

(b) ANA: II<sup>2</sup>2058.5(or Anagyrous or Anaphlystos), 2070.3(or Anagyrous or Anaphlystos)

ANAK: H19.244ff.f3f(or ΘHM]ΙAK or Λ]ΙAK)

ANAKAI: II<sup>2</sup>1706.19/76(96 Dow) (see below)

(c) II<sup>2</sup>1669.2(or Anagyrous or Anaphlystos)

(d) II<sup>2</sup>1706.76(96 Dow) belongs not to Hippothontid Anakaia but to its spurious homonym in Demetrias: see Traill, POA 81-82 (suggesting a mason's error for ΑΝΑΓΥΡ) and 113

### 11. ANAPHYSTOS

- (a) Ἀναφλύστιος
- (b) ANA: II<sup>2</sup>2020.46(p), 2058.5(or Anagyrous or Anakaia), 2067.171(t), 2070.3(or Anagyrous or Anakaia); A380.31/32(both t)
  - ANAΦ: II<sup>2</sup>1039.w22, 1609.100, 1629.543, 1706.88(130Dow), 1951.62/193, 1996.34, 2020.45, 2028.12, 2067.172, 2086.172, 2130.36(or A[P]ΑΦ); S29.152.IV27/29
  - ΑΝΑΦΛ: II<sup>2</sup>143.22, 1039.w23, 1569.51, (?)1582.[159] (see H19.250), 1629.839/919, 1631.13, 1951.281, 1996.146, 2019.7/17, 2051.93/95/96, 2119.80, 2723.13; S28.131.10, 29.152.IV23/24
  - ΑΝΑΦΛΥ: II<sup>2</sup>1612.106, 1622.264, 1627.371, 1628.353, 1629.600/667/701/757/819/880/892/898, 1631.193, 2723.7f.; S28.122.13, 29.152.IV22
  - ΑΝΑΦΛΥC: II<sup>2</sup>1596.26, 1622.636, 1624.30, 1631.236/285/286
  - ΑΝΑΦΛΥCT: II<sup>2</sup>1622.632, 1623.176, 1628.400, 1631.[124]/152/179/196, 2338.66
  - ΑΝΑΦΛΥCTI: II<sup>2</sup>1028.131, 1605.37f, 1622.297, 1628.[46]/57; H5.393ff.66; K115; S31.151
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>1624.44, 1629.1094/1095, 1669.2(or Anagyrous or Anakaia), 1996.145, 2072.3; A380.12/24; H15.190ff.29

### 12. ANGELE

- (a) Ἀγγελῆθεν
- (b) ΑΓΓ (actually ΑΝΓ): II<sup>2</sup>2018.27, 2068.87, 2208.49/50
  - ΑΓΓΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1609.117, 1612.117, 1619.28, 1706.95(137 Dow), 2050.54(ΑΝΓΕ), 2061.14/16, 2130.111; S29.152.I57, 29.152.III59/61
  - ΑΓΓΕΛ: II<sup>2</sup>1592.8, 1622.744, 1632.120
  - ΑΓΓΕΛΗ: II<sup>2</sup>124.[20], 1609.68/71, 1631.574; S34.149
  - ΑΓΓΕΛΗΘ: II<sup>2</sup>1570.38
  - ΑΓΓΕΛΗΘΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1609.77(or ΑΓΚΥΛ]ΗΘΕ or ΑΓΡΥΛ]ΗΘΕ), 1620.3
- (c) S34.63.38

### 13. ANKYLE

- (a) Ἀγκυλῆθεν
- (b) ΑΓΚΥ: II<sup>2</sup>1958.35, 2814.3, 2859.2; H5.393ff.51
  - ΑΓΚΥΛ: II<sup>2</sup>1570.46, 1663.2, 1951.352

ΑΓΚΥΛΗ: II<sup>2</sup>1958.18/56; XII 8.22.5

ΑΓΚΥΛΗΘΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1609.77(or ΑΓΓΕΛ]ΗΘΕ or ΑΓΡΥΛ]ΗΘΕ)

- (c) S18.36.A228

#### 14. ANTINOEIS

- (a) Ἀντινοεύς
- (b) AN: II<sup>2</sup>2052.74(t), 2194.27(t)  
ANT: II<sup>2</sup>2088.5, 2194.28  
ANTI: II<sup>2</sup>2067.102/103, 2086.12, 2193.100  
ANTIN: II<sup>2</sup>2049.2, 2215.14  
ANTINO: II<sup>2</sup>2049.84, 2193.101
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>2130.18

#### 15. APHIDNA

- (a) Ἀφιδναῖος
- (b) ΑΦΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1629.275, 2044.61, 2130.165; H5.393ff.153/157/167/169/173  
ΑΦΙΔ: II<sup>2</sup>1534.221, 1609.103/109, 1632.152/239, 1929.14, 2049.83; XII 8.63.14;  
S18.36.A246/258, 18.36.B271, 32.118.39, 33.167.eIII18  
ΑΦΙΔΝ: II<sup>2</sup>1524.193, 1582.56, 1594.36, 1622.771, 1631.453/578, 1673.56/57,  
1706.22/51/96(138 Dow), 1929.22, 1951.54, 1958.62, 2018.41, 2363.49; S18.36.A262,  
18.36.B211  
ΑΦΙΔΝΑ: II<sup>2</sup>1594.50, 2318.50; K87; S16.123(?)22f, 33.167.eII14  
ΑΦΙΔΝΑΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1566.11, 1594.25/30/32/34/38/45, 1622.147/156/186/213/228,  
1623.36, 1628.14, 1632.15, 1672.244/250, 1955.12, 2443.25; A49.5(ΑΦΙΔ[[Γ]]ΝΑΙ);  
S28.121.11, 32.118.49  
ΑΦΙΔΝΑΙΟ: II<sup>2</sup>1468.3; A49.24(ΑΦΙΔΝΑΙΟ)  
(c) II<sup>2</sup>1632.[254]/264/309; S28.129.22f; I.Délos 104-8.B6

#### 16. APOLLONIEIS

- (a) Ἀπολλωνιεύς
- (b) ΑΠ: II<sup>2</sup>2065.131  
ΑΠΟΛ: II<sup>2</sup>2065.132, 2082.19, 2130.200  
ΑΠΟΛΛΩΝΙΕ: II<sup>2</sup>2068.53
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>1991.3

## 17. ARAPHEN

- (a) Ἀραφήνιος
- (b) APA: II<sup>2</sup>1996.39  
APAΦ: II<sup>2</sup>2065.59, 2130.36(or A[N]AΦ), 2213.14  
ΑΡΑΦΗ: II<sup>2</sup>1622.417, 1631.470, 1996.79; K56  
ΑΡΑΦΗΝ: II<sup>2</sup>1631.592  
ΑΡΑΦΗΝΙ: II<sup>2</sup> 2017.15

## 18. ATENE

- (a) Ἄτηνεύς
- (b) ATH: II<sup>2</sup>1609.109; H9.79f.6; K127  
ATHN: II<sup>2</sup>502.8, 1951.276(AΘHN) (For II<sup>2</sup>1706.73(93 Dow) see under Azenia)  
ATHNE: II<sup>2</sup>1443.5  
ATHNEY: II<sup>2</sup>1706.93(135 Dow)
- (c) I<sup>3</sup>422.217/375, 430.36

## 19. ATHMONON

- (a) Ἀθμονεύς, Ἀθμονόθεν
- (b) AΘ: II<sup>2</sup>2020.71/72  
ΑΘΜ: II<sup>2</sup>2020.36, 2065.128, 2067.184/185, 2103.166, 2130.21, 2203.18, 2274.3;  
A405.12; S29.152.I85  
ΑΘМО: II<sup>2</sup>502.10, 1533.11, 1534.36; 1580.5, 1587.19, 1622.635, 1624.90, 1629.131,  
1631.533/662, 1632.140, 1706.119(161 Dow), 1929.27, 2017.49, 2024.127, 2046.33,  
2065.127, 2068.41, 2103.24, 2128.107/109, 2130.26, 2203.99, 3607.15; K139;  
S29.152.IV31/34/35  
ΑΘМОΝ: II<sup>2</sup>1622.498, 1929.24, 2017.54, 2208.18, 2214.20; S21.579.7/9/11,  
32.118.60  
ΑΘМОНЕ: II<sup>2</sup>1706.57, 2338.70; S28.123.3, 29.114.58  
ΑΘМОНО: II<sup>2</sup>1570.25
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>1587.[17], 1991.5, 2019.20, 2052.[119]; F6.[113], 7.16

## 20. AURIDAI

- (a) Αύριδης

- (b) AYPI: II<sup>2</sup>1590.11  
AYPIΔ: II<sup>2</sup>1623.106/129

## 21. AZENIA

- (a) Ἀζηνιεύς  
(b) AZ: II<sup>2</sup>2044.31, 2086.159, 2097.224, 2473.4; H19.270.1  
AZH: II<sup>2</sup>1996.52/143, 2017.23, 2044.21/45/67/74/75, 2049.153, 2067.150/151/152, 2068.56/94, 2089.8/9, 2103.137/138/141, 2123.2/8/13, 2128.84/85, 2208.117/118; A395.8, 458.10; F6.97/98, 7.39/40/41/42/43/48; S29.152.I79, 29.152.IV9/15/16/17, 33.167.eII19, 33.169.A13  
AZHN: II<sup>2</sup>2049.25, 2193.117, 2481.34; A395.5/7/18, 458.4/5/6/8/9/14; H17.20f (ATHN II<sup>2</sup>1706.73(93 Dow))  
AZHNI: II<sup>2</sup>1533.13, 1612.289, 1669.3, 2017.12, 2029.8, 2051.78, 2082.17, 2086.160, 2097.220, 2193.39, 2207.14  
AZHNIE: II<sup>2</sup>1028.141; A458.13(AZHN(I)E)  
(c) II<sup>2</sup>2193.114/116/118, 2195.5/6/7/8/9; A458.15/18/20/[21]; F6.93/94, 7.49; S.32.118.39, 33.168.AI30

## 22. BATE

- (a) Βατῆθεν  
(b) BATH: II<sup>2</sup>1604.64, 1622.775, 1631.187  
BATHΘ: (?) I<sup>2</sup>331.32

## 23. BERENIKIDAI

- (a) Βερενικίδης  
(b) BE: II<sup>2</sup>2020.58, 2051.33  
BEP: II<sup>2</sup>2018.35/36, 2020.10, 2044.58/85, 2065.74, 2067.73/74, 2068.93/101, 2082.3/10, 2086.78/81, 2090.102, 2097.76, 2119.54, 2128.41, 2130.129/132, 2133.8/9, 2203.80, 2208.59, 2257.13; A416.13(BEPP)/14/17/23(BEPP); S35.130.60/61  
BEPE: II<sup>2</sup>2017.17, 2020.9, 2070.14/15  
BEPEN: II<sup>2</sup>2017.9/17/18, 2049.10(BEPN), 2090.92(BEPN), 2203.40(BEPN)/53; F8.24(BEPN)  
BEPENI (actually BEPNI): II<sup>2</sup>2090.98, 2126.11, 2194.10  
BEPENIK: II<sup>2</sup>1706.115(157 Dow)

BEPENIKI: II<sup>2</sup>1940.9, 2028.7(BEPENEIKI), 2052.57(BEPNEIKI)

BEPENIKIΔ: II<sup>2</sup>1706.104(146 Dow)

- (c) S21.625.5, 28.166.8(see 31.133)

#### 24. BESA

(a) Βησαιεύς

(b) BH: II<sup>2</sup>2050.93/94, 2208.72

BHC: II<sup>2</sup>2020.42, 2042.4, 2049.82, 2052.76, 2067.98/99, 2068.189, 2113.27, 2130.11/160/161/166, 2215.9/10/12, 2481.17; F8.71/73

BHCA: II<sup>2</sup>2018.6, 2193.94

BHCAI: II<sup>2</sup>1436.3, 2017.39, 2051.46/47/48, 2067.97, 2086.138/139, 2130.67, 2243.14; F6.12(or [I]TAI or [ΦΗ]ΓΑΙ); S12.115.3, 35.130.10/76/77

BHCAIE: II<sup>2</sup>2033.34, 2111-12.23, 2233.12

#### 25. BOUTADAI

(a) Βουτάδης

(b) BOY: II<sup>2</sup>2067.65/66, 2207.7/8/11

BOYT: II<sup>2</sup>2067.218, 2113.26, 3607.31; K161

BOYTA: II<sup>2</sup>1623.282; S21.527.76/77

BOYΤΑΔ: II<sup>2</sup>1622.774

BOYΤΑΔΗ: II<sup>2</sup>1622.493

- (c) S35.130.59

#### 26. CHOLARGOS

(a) Χολαργεύς

(b) X: A460.96(or Cholleidai)

ΧΟΛ: II<sup>2</sup>1951.6(or Cholleidai), 1958.44(or Cholleidai), 2049.75/76(both t), 2089.10(or Cholleidai), 2208.68/69/70(all t), 2237.103(t), 2245.305(or Cholleidai), 3607.12/26(or Cholleidai in both cases); S26.176.76(t)

ΧΟΛΑ: II<sup>2</sup>1958.24, 2050.84, 2067.79/90/91/92/204, 2237.15/102; S22.101.20, 35.130.67/68

ΧΟΛΑΡ: II<sup>2</sup>143.25, 1533.14, 1578.4, 1611.292, 1612.114, 1622.648, 1629.7/75, 1631.643, 1632.99/128, 1955.7, 1958.37, 2050.83/85/86, 2052.59, 2067.215, 2075.3, 2111-12.11, 2208.63/131, 2223.68(ΧΟΛΑΒ), 2318.10, 2761.4; S33.167.dII4

- ΧΟΛΑΡΓ: II<sup>2</sup>1609.118, 1623.67/314, 1624.94, 1629.144, 1632.30/39/219;  
 S18.36.A484, 22.101.8, 26.176.75  
 ΧΟΛΑΡΓΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1629.21/42/63/110/127, 2059.23, 2088.3; A49.23  
 (c) S14.97.13(cf.II<sup>2</sup>2484.5)

## 27. CHOLLEIDAI

- (a) Χολλείδης
- (b) X: A460.96(or Cholargos)  
 ΧΟ: II<sup>2</sup>2024.15(p)  
 ΧΟΛ:II<sup>2</sup>1611.304(p), 1951.6(or Cholargos), 1958.44(or Cholargos), 2024.137(p),  
 2050.60/62/63/64/66(all t), 2051.29(t), 2079.3(p), 2086.10(p)/75(t), 2089.10(or  
 Cholargos), 2097.66(t), 2103.15(p)/18(p)/90(t)/91(t), 2113.8(p), 2128.35(t), 2193.64(t,p),  
 2245.305(or Cholargos), 3607.12/26(or Cholargos, in both cases); F6.58/59/63(all t);  
 H3.58f.12(t)  
 ΧΟΛΛ: II<sup>2</sup>1616.91(or Κ]ΟΛΛ), 2024.20, 2051.23/24, 2067.58/59/60/61, 2086.74,  
 2119.17, 2194.4/5/6, 2245.121, 2481.10; S19.174.6  
 ΧΟΛΛΕ: S18.36.A137/(?)455, 18.36.B8  
 ΧΟΛΛΕΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1609.98(ΧΟΛΛΗ), 1996.27/134, 2018.14/29, 2046.1, 2097.68, 2193.65,  
 2245.147; K157; S16.52.2  
 ΧΟΛΛΕΙΔ: II<sup>2</sup>1673.36, 1940.3; S34.142

## 28. DAIDALIDAI

- (a) Δαιδαλίδης
- (b) ΔΑΙΔ: II<sup>2</sup>2067.101  
 ΔΑΙΔΑ: II<sup>2</sup>1629.542, 2086.135, 2128.60, 2361.20  
 ΔΑΙΔΑΛ: II<sup>2</sup>2361.24  
 ΔΑΙΔΑΛΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1951.192  
 ΔΑΙΔΑΛΙΔ: II<sup>2</sup>2086.128
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>1400.7; S25.180.44f

## 29. DEIRADIOTAI

- (a) Δειραδιώτης
- (b) ΔΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1951.284 (or Dekeleia)  
 ΔΕΙ: II<sup>2</sup>2103.98

- ΔEIP: II<sup>2</sup>1996.135, 2020.25(ΔIP), 2111-12.15, 2189.3; S21.572.4  
 ΔEIPA: II<sup>2</sup>2020.24(ΔIPA); S29.152.I35  
 ΔEIPΑΔΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1958.25/61; A86.111; H19.240ff.66  
 ΔEIPΑΔΙΩ: II<sup>2</sup>1629.742, 1631.[114], 1996.50  
 ΔEIPΑΔΙΩΤΗ: II<sup>2</sup>1706.85(105 Dow), 1940.22  
 (c) II<sup>2</sup>1623.4f; A58.83 (cf. HSuppl.I.31ff.82)

### 30. DEKELEIA

- (a) Δεκελε(ι)εύς  
 (b) ΔΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1951.284(or Deiradiotai)  
 ΔEKE: II<sup>2</sup>1582.70/75, 2318.122  
 ΔEKEΛ: II<sup>2</sup>1632.7  
 ΔEKEΛΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1609.117, 1629.684; XII 8.63.11  
 ΔEKEΛEI: II<sup>2</sup>1443.5  
 (c) H19.267ff.12/17

### 31. DIOMEIA

- (a) Διομε(ι)εύς  
 (b) ΔI: II<sup>2</sup>1958.5  
 ΔIO: II<sup>2</sup>2103.14/52/53  
 ΔIOM: II<sup>2</sup>1706.1, 2051.11, 2103.56a/57a  
 ΔIOME: II<sup>2</sup>1612.317  
 ΔIOMEI: II<sup>2</sup>1612.137/138, 2090.54(ΔIO]MAI)  
 ΔIOMEY: H9.72ff.20(t: ΔIOM]EEY)  
 (c) F6.[48]; S35.130.[45](t,p)

### 32. EIRESIDAI

- (a) Εἰρεσίδης  
 (b) EIP (actually HP): II<sup>2</sup>2068.57  
 EIPE (actually HPE): II<sup>2</sup>2042.2, 2067.78/88/202, 2086.86, 2128.51  
 EIPEC: II<sup>2</sup>1534.268; S32.118.40  
 EIPECI: II<sup>2</sup>1958.67(EPECI), 2075.5(HPECI), 2130.34([H]PECI), 2237.13(HPECI);  
 H19.226ff.77; K93; S32.118.80  
 (c) A39.18

### 33. EITEA

- (a) Εἰτεαῖος
- (b) EIT: II<sup>2</sup>2020.30/31, 2068.95  
EITE: II<sup>2</sup>1582.107/112, 1706.53  
EITEA (actually ITEA): II<sup>2</sup>2130.195  
EITEAI: II<sup>2</sup>1534.222, 1629.[1026], 2018.40(ITAI), 2058.4(ITAI), 2087.13(ITAI), 2089.3(ITAI), 2128.58/59(both ITAI), 2215.15(ITAI); F6.12(I]ΤΑΙ or BH]ΓΑΙ or ΦΗ]ΓΑΙ); S32.118.62, 35.130.16/27(both ITAI)
- (c) F6.79

### 34. ELAIOS

- (a) Ἐλαιούσιος
- (b) ΕΛΑΙ (actually ΕΛΕ): II<sup>2</sup>2024.17(p), 2097.86(t), 2194.30(t)  
ΕΛΑΙΟΥ: II<sup>2</sup>1622.118/536, 1624.64, 2024.23(ΕΛΕΟΥ)  
ΕΛΑΙΟΥCI (actually ΕΛΑΙΟCI): II<sup>2</sup>1951.95

### 35. ELEUSIS

- (a) Ἐλευσίνιος
- (b) ΕΛΕΥ: II<sup>2</sup>1582.7, 1611.291, 1629.821, 1632.186, 1929.19, 1951.59/270, 2199.11/22, 2318.45, 2814.9; F8.88; H5.393ff.167, 19.244ff.55; S18.36.B207, 29.152.I55  
ΕΛΕΥC: II<sup>2</sup>1566.24; S32.118.79, 32.171c.9  
ΕΛΕΥCI: II<sup>2</sup>360.2/4, 502.10, 1190.2, 1571.3, 1609.79/92, 1611.326/344, 1622.540/694, 1631.181, 1632.229/238, 1672.56/228, 1951.109, 1955.19, 2332.256; H19.267ff.27; K62, 96; S16.123.37, 18.36.A566, 28.130.23, 34.141; I.Délos 104-8.B14/20  
ΕΛΕΥCIN: II<sup>2</sup>1443.8, 1455.2, 1632.228; S32.118.61  
ΕΛΕΥCINI: I<sup>3</sup>269.1; II<sup>2</sup>1570.28
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>1570.31, 1628.121, 1620.52f, 1631.[157], 1955.27; S16.123.[35]; I.Délos 104-8.B13

### 36. EPIEKIDAI

- (a) Ἐπιεικίδης

- (b) ΕΠΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1958.20(or Epikephisia), 2044.55/76(or Epikephisia, in both cases; and both ΕΠΕΙ), 2052.91/92/93(all t), 2068.82/83(or Epikephisia, in both cases), 2097.214(ΕΠΗ)(t), 2193.110/111(both t); S29.152.I12(p)/81(or Epikephisia), 29.152.IV7 (ΕΠΕΙ)(t)  
 ΕΠΙΕΙ: F8.80  
 ΕΠΙΕΙΚ: II<sup>2</sup>2130.177(ΕΠΕΙΚ)(t), 2245.315(ΕΠΙΙΚ) (See also under Epikephisia)  
 ΕΠΙΕΙΚΙ; II<sup>2</sup>2019.9(ΕΠΕΙΚΙ)  
 (c) II<sup>2</sup>2194.[38], 2195.[2]

### 37. EPIKEPHISIA

- (a) Ἐπικηφίσιος  
 (b) ΕΠΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1958.20(or Epieikidai)/23(p), 2044.55/76(or Epieikidai, in both cases; and both ΕΠΕΙ), 2052.84(ΕΠΕ)(t), 2068.82/83(or Epieikidai, in both cases), 2203.30(p); S29.152.I44/45/47(all p)/81(or Epieikidai)  
 ΕΠΙΚ: II<sup>2</sup>2097.195; S33.167.dII6  
 ΕΠΙΚΗ: II<sup>2</sup>1958.34/42/43, 2814.7; S18.36.A208/545  
 ΕΠΙΚΗΦ: S33.167.dII7f(or ΕΠΙΙ[ΕΙΚ, but ΕΠΙΚ in line 6 suggests not])  
 ΕΠΙΚΗΦΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1597.20, 1958.51, 2049.88; S21.527.78f  
 (c) H7.110ff.50

### 38. ERCHIA

- (a) Ἐρχ(ε)ιεύς  
 (b) EP: II<sup>2</sup>1996.130(or Erikeia)(t), 2070.5(or Erikeia or Eroiadai or Hermos), 2193.51(t)  
 EPX: II<sup>2</sup>1631.[159]/210, 1951.44/50/51, 6117.2  
 EPXE: H13.261  
 EPXI: II<sup>2</sup>102.18, 1469.22, 1593.9, 1609.70/93, 1622.673, 1631.145, 2067.38, 2070.20, 2193.52; S16.123.32, 18.36.B105, 32.118.33/34/47/54/58/74, 33.167.eII12  
 EPXIE: II<sup>2</sup>1622.133/413/592/620, 1706.89(131 Dow); S26.98.81, 32.118.36/37, 33.167.eII10  
 EPXIEY: II<sup>2</sup>1622.626  
 (c) H19.226ff.24f; S16.123.[33], 28.121.68

### 39. ERIKEIA

- (a) Ἐρικε(ι)εύς
- (b) EP: II<sup>2</sup>1996.130(or Erchia)(t), 2070.5(or Erchia or Eroiadai or Hermos)  
EPIK: II<sup>2</sup>2082.30; A378.42(EPEIK); H19.244f.f5  
EPIKEI (actually EPIKAI): II<sup>2</sup>2052.39; A380.48
- (c) S25.180.9

### 40. EROIADAI

- (a) Ἐροιάδης
- (b) EP: II<sup>2</sup>2070.5(or Erchia or Erikeia or Hermos)  
EPOI: II<sup>2</sup>1632.152/166, 2067.176; F8.103  
EPOIA: S33.168.AII38 (For II<sup>2</sup>1706.101(143 Dow) see under Phyle)  
EPOIAΔ: II<sup>2</sup>1622.601, 1623.184  
EPOIAΔH: A49.28
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>1632.[341]

### 41. EUONYMON

- (a) Εὐωνυμεύς
- (b) EYΩ: II<sup>2</sup>1582.80/129, 1603.1, 1609.100, 1612.324, 1618.107, 2044.52/72, 2067.31, 2068.73, 2085.12/19, 2087.62, 2245.46/47, 3105.49; H5.393ff.156/159/175, 19.274f.[2]/[6f]; S16.178.3, 33.167.bII5, 33.167.eII4  
EYΩN: II<sup>2</sup>1582.65/66/103, 1632.259, 1951.268, 2245.68, 2345.37, 3105.25/27/40/50; F8.54; H5.393ff.(?)14/172; S32.118.55  
EYΩNY: II<sup>2</sup>1534.242, 1615.99, 1622.615, 1623.257, 1629.532/762, 1631.127, 1632.224, 1930.24, 2017.13, 2018.9, 2019.4, 2318.298, 3105.48; XII 8.67.4; A86.101; H19.226ff.86, 19.254ff.21; K49, 56, 75, 118; S12.100.54/78, 14.87.81, 16.123.16/24, 21.658.5(rear). 28.130.20  
EYΩNYM: II<sup>2</sup>1606.46, 1609.78, 1618.89, 2245.49, 3105.22; A49.30(EYΩNYM); H19.224f.4; S28.171.78  
EYΩNYME: II<sup>2</sup>1623.172/195, 1629.540/622, 1955.9; S18.36.A331/462f/558, 32.171.c13
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>1617.72, 1632.[230], 2086.166; F7.18; H5.393ff.212; S16.123.15, 16.127.12, 21.572.5, 32.171.c14

## 42. EUPYRIDAI

- (a) Εὐπυρίδης
- (b) Ε: II<sup>2</sup>2103.102(t)  
ΕΥ: II<sup>2</sup>2068.109/110(both p), 2097.72(t), 2207.4(t), 2235.108(t)  
ΕΥΠΙ: II<sup>2</sup>2020.43, 2059.16, 2067.46/47/48/49, 2068.21/22/70/91(ΕΥΓ), 2113.28, 2208.52/53/54; F6.64  
ΕΥΠΙΥ: II<sup>2</sup>2024.14, 2028.8, 2050.41/70, 2051.27/29, 2061.20, 2065.65/67, 2068.11/15/40, 2130.124, 2245.126; H3.58f.11/14, 4.565ff.20; S29.152.III65/66  
ΕΥΠΙYP: II<sup>2</sup>2024.21, 2049.1  
ΕΥΠΙYPI: II<sup>2</sup>1996.48/49, 2017.12/17, 2050.11/69, 2051.112, 2052.49, 2119.33, 2199.62, 2207.2; K86; S29.152.III35  
ΕΥΠΙYPIΔ: II<sup>2</sup>2084.9; S3.261.9

## 43. GARGETTOS

- (a) Γαργήττιος
- (b) ΓΑ: II<sup>2</sup>2044.59, 2213.5  
ΓΑΡ: II<sup>2</sup>1582.45/49/[117], 1996.132, 2018.23/24/25/26, 2041.12/13/19, 2044.15/40/43/84, 2056.4, 2065.61, 2068.68/75/76, 2072.2, 2082.25/27/28, 2086.52/53/55/56/58/59/61/62/63, 2087.18/19/20, 2090.63, 2103.20/55a/59/59a/74, 2119.2, 2128.23/24, 2130.107/108, 2193.49/53, 2197.15, 2213.13, 2274.2, 2481.6/7/28; A365.5, 406.53; F6.50, 8.57/58; S13.53.4, 14.97.10/11(ΓΑ II<sup>2</sup>2250.5), 28.166.6a; Deltion 23 (1968) Chronika p.29  
ГАРГ: II<sup>2</sup>1570.11/13/[17], 1582.112, 1622.670, 2067.20/34/35/36/37/111/200, 2086.54/57/60, 2116.3/15/16, 2213.9/15, 2237.11; S29.152.I7  
ГАРГН: II<sup>2</sup>1613.173, 1623.19, 1631.[107], 2044.6, 2103.58, 2361.19; AM 80 (1965) 118 no.31, cf.32  
ГАРГНТ: I<sup>3</sup>327.27; II<sup>2</sup>1443.6f, 1623.292/306, 1631.137/633, 1996.42, 2017.14, 2033.29/30, 2037.25, 2049.42, 2052.13, 2086.49, 2090.43/44/50/52/55, 2103.67, 2243.15, 2245.86, 4073.13, 5949.2; F8.6; K96; S12.100.17  
ГАРГНТТ: II<sup>2</sup>1604.15, 1627.251, 1629.732, 2111-12.17, 3698.5; S13.53.8; AM 80 (1965) 117 no.27  
ГАРГНТТИ: II<sup>2</sup>1604.26, 1628.138, 1629.26/778/844, 1631.202, 1706.55; A413.11f.(ГАРГНТ(T)I); H19.254ff.18; S28.130.22  
ГАРГНТТИО: II<sup>2</sup>2059.15, 2068.191

(c) II<sup>2</sup>1582.25f, 2019.21, 2257.10; F7.25/27; H19.226ff.100f, 19.236ff.8, 19.244ff.73f; S28.121.21, 28.130.27, 35.130.[39]/[40]/[41](all t,p)

#### 44. HAGNOUS

- (a) Ἀγνούσιος
- (b) ΑΓ: A411.11(p)  
ΑΓΝ: II<sup>2</sup>1951.277, 2020.75, 2051.62, 2103.169/170/172, 2113.43, 2130.199, 2193.141; F8.107; H5.393ff.46f/50/[106]/108/[111]; S33.167.eIII17  
ΑΓΝΟΥ: II<sup>2</sup>1631.138, 2017.43, 2082.5, 2097.242, 2119.82/83/84/85, 2128.110, 2193.140; K150; S12.100.83, 29.152.I58/59  
ΑΓΝΟΥC: II<sup>2</sup>1534.95(ANOYC), 1623.181, 2086.178  
ΑΓΝΟΥCI: II<sup>2</sup>1622.600/662, 1623.180, 1631.458/583; K66, 149(both ΑΓΝΟCI)  
ΑΓΝΟΥCIO: A49.35
- (c) H5.393ff.56

#### 45. HALAI

- (a) Ἀλαιεύς
- (b) Α: II<sup>2</sup>2103.130(t)  
ΑΛ: II<sup>2</sup>1958.32(or Alopeke or Halimous)  
ΑΛΑ: II<sup>2</sup>2017.21; H5.393ff.64  
ΑΛΑI: II<sup>2</sup>502.9, 1533.8, 1602.22(S21.577), 1605.39, 1607.71, 1609.80(or ΛΑΚΙ: S31.127), 1620.58, 1622.606, 1632.181/192/230/256, 1930.22, 2017.20, 2051.71, 2086.155, 2097.213, 2113.21, 2822.7; K80, 83, (?)171; S28.129.9, 32.118.65, 32.171.c4/8  
ΑΛΑIE: II<sup>2</sup>1592.2, 1620.35, 1622.266, 1623.166/193, 1706.67(87 Dow); H19.254ff.33; K88; S18.36.A141/521, 25.180.23(ΑΛΩΠΕ H37.370.23)
- (c) S18.36.B209f. 33.167.eIII12

#### 46. HALIMOUS

- (a) Ἀλιμούσιος
- (b) ΑΛ: II<sup>2</sup>1958.32(or Alopeke or Halai), 2052.86(t)  
ΑΛI: II<sup>2</sup>2044.57, 2113.18, 3607.17  
ΑΛΙM: II<sup>2</sup>2070.19  
ΑΛIMO: II<sup>2</sup>1951.194

ΑΛΙΜΟΥ: II<sup>2</sup>1592.4

ΑΛΙΜΟΥCI: II<sup>2</sup>1400.6f(ΑΛΙΜΟCI), 1940.14; K153(ΑΛΙΜΟCI); S25.180.19

#### 47. HAMAXANTEIA

- (a) Ἀμαξαντ(ει)εύς
- (b) AMA: II<sup>2</sup>2067.148/149  
AMAΞ: II<sup>2</sup>1706.110(152 Dow), 2075.25; S33.167.dII9  
AMAΞΑ: S34.142  
AMAΞΑΝ: II<sup>2</sup>1622.410, 1623.116, 1673.47; F4.39/40; S18.36.A212  
AMAΞΑΝΤ: II<sup>2</sup>1623.100/118  
AMAΞΑΝΤΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1612.255, 2749.3  
AMAΞΑΝΤΕY: II<sup>2</sup>1706.69(89 Dow)
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>1706.128(169 Dow); S33.168.AII5

#### 48. HEKALE

- (a) Ἐκαλῆθεν
- (b) EK: II<sup>2</sup>1951.34  
EKA: II<sup>2</sup>2113.35, 2130.19; F6.67(IKA II<sup>2</sup>2107.24); S35.130.62  
EKAΛ: II<sup>2</sup>1534.266  
EKAΛΗ: II<sup>2</sup>1534.259/274, 1622.230/[363]/377; K172

#### 49. HERMOS

- (a) Ἔρμειος
- (b) EP: II<sup>2</sup>2070.5(or Erchia or Erikeia or Eroiadai), 2245.203(t)  
EPΜ: II<sup>2</sup>1958.33, 2067.89, 2068.45, 2070.6, 2194.18/19, 2245.161/162/204/  
205/302/303/304; A460.87, H5.393ff.104/107; S35.130.74  
EPMEI: II<sup>2</sup>1958.60, 2049.73(EPMI), 2193.42; S16.125.2, 29.114.53  
EPMEIO: II<sup>2</sup>2193.77
- (c) A427.[29]

#### 50. HESTIAIA

- (a) Ἑστιαιόθεν
- (b) EC: S28.166.8  
ECT: II<sup>2</sup>2044.71, 2203.47; S26.176.56

ECTI: II<sup>2</sup>2020.34/76

ECTIA: II<sup>2</sup>2463.13

ECTIAI: II<sup>2</sup>2203.9/16; XII 8.63.7

ECTIAIO: II<sup>2</sup>1631.351, 1632.180

### 51. HIPPOTOMADAI

- (a) Ἰπποτομάδης
- (b) ΙΠ: II<sup>2</sup>2103.120  
ΙΠΠΟΤ: S29.152.I40  
ΙΠΠΟΤΟ: II<sup>2</sup>1706.52, 2050.99(ΙΠ]ΠΟΤΑ); F4.21  
ΙΠΠΟΤΟΜΑΔΗ: II<sup>2</sup>681.16/17

### 52. HYBADAII

- (a) Ὑβάδης
- (b) YB: II<sup>2</sup>2193.62  
YBA: II<sup>2</sup>1958.29, 2193.61, 2239.11/97/99/105/121/122/123/186/188/190/193/  
194/195, 2245.20; Kl; S26.184.59  
YBAΔ: II<sup>2</sup>1622.764, 1930.3, 2193.60, 2194.2/3
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>2194.[1]

### 53. IKARION

- (a) Ἰκαριεύς
- (b) IKAP: II<sup>2</sup>1534.266, 1951.195  
IKAPI: II<sup>2</sup>1534.273, 1612.141, 1631.638, 2274.6  
IKAPIE: II<sup>2</sup>1622.602/613
- (c) S32.171b.5
- (d) For II<sup>2</sup>2107.24(IKA) see under Hekale

### 54. IONIDAI

- (a) Ἰωνίδης
- (b) IΩNI: II<sup>2</sup>1534.247; S12.100.20

### 55. IPHISTIADAI

- (a) Ἰφιστιάδης

- (b) ΙΦ: II<sup>2</sup>2194.26(HΦ); S35.130.69/71(both EIΦ)  
 ΙΦΙ: II<sup>2</sup>2193.83/84(both HΦAI); F6.71/72(both EIΦI)  
 ΙΦΙC: II<sup>2</sup>2050.91, 2068.28(IΦEIC), 2358.73  
 ΙΦΙCTI: II<sup>2</sup>1436.7  
 ΙΦΙCTIA: II<sup>2</sup>2822.6; A86.116

#### 56. KEDOI

- (a) ἐκ Κηδῶν
- (b) EK K: H5.393ff.118(p)  
 EK KH: II<sup>2</sup>1615.12, 1622.749/776, 2130.105; H5.393ff.186, 19.254ff.2  
 EK KHΔ: II<sup>2</sup>1622.314

#### 57. KEIRIADAI

- (a) Κειριάδης
- (b) KEIPI: II<sup>2</sup>1706.42; XII 8.63.10  
 KEPIAΔ: II<sup>2</sup>6309.1

#### 58. KEPHALE

- (a) Κεφαλῆθεν
- (b) KEΦ: II<sup>2</sup>1658.5, 1706.90(132 Dow), 2130.78/134, 2193.79, 2194.21, 2237.17; F6.73/74  
 KEΦA: II<sup>2</sup>1570.7, 1582.77/83, 1632.71/141, 1929.28, 2051.42, 2052.65/68, 2097.82, 2119.63/64, 2237.101; S29.152.I54  
 KEΦΑΛ: II<sup>2</sup>1566.14, 1622.647, 1631.[601], 1632.333, 2215.3/7; S29.114.52, 33.167.bII6  
 KEΦΑΛΗ: II<sup>2</sup>1561.24, 1622.709, 1631.128/474/[682], 1632.145/240, 1951.197; H19.226ff.47  
 KEΦΑΛΗΘ: II<sup>2</sup>1436.2, 2059.54; S28.129.27  
 (b) II<sup>2</sup>1632.281

#### 59. KEPHISIA

- (a) Κηφισιεύς
- (b) KH: II<sup>2</sup>2020.22(or Kettos), 2058.13(or Kettos), 2097.47/52(both t), 2130.95(t) (KH in S12.115.1(II<sup>2</sup>2060.1) is an abbreviated patronymic)

ΚΗΦ: II<sup>2</sup>1951.191/283/342/346/348, 2049.6, 2067.6/120, 2068.27/62, 2089.38/39/40, 2097.51, 2103.40/42, 2128.8/9/10/14, 2130.94/96/97/100/101/102/104, 2193.36/47, 2213.3, 2245.45, 3105.51; F8.45; S29.152.I16/17

ΚΗΦΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1036.33, 1609.82/92/114, 1618.99, 1632.135/166, 1672.54, 1930.10, 1951.5/313/343/344/345/347, 2017.13(ΚΗΦΕΙ), 2018.18/21(both ΚΗΦΕΙ), 2020.6/40/41, 2042.18(ΚΗΦΕΙ), 2046.40(ΚΗΦΕΙ), 2050.3/20, 2067.8/25/32/105/190/226, 2070.21/23([ΚΗ]ΦΕΙ), 2082.22/23, 2086.45(ΚΗΦΕΙ), 2087.17, 2089.22/23, 2097.18, 2130.12, 2245.44, 2345.36, 3105.21; S18.36.A250

ΚΗΦΙC: I<sup>3</sup>475.112(ΚΕΦΙC); II<sup>2</sup>1534.280, 1569.71(ΚΕΦΙC), 2028.15, 2086.41(ΚΗΦΕΙC); A98.14; S21.384.14, 32.118.34

ΚΗΦΙCI: II<sup>2</sup>479.99, 1612.123, 1623.169, 1624.84, 1629.521, 1632.317f, 1930.11, 1951.80/323, 1958.36, 2017.13, 2019.10, 2049.38(ΚΗΦEICI), 2065.53(ΚΗΦEICI), 2318.356, 3105.37/42/45; S18.36.A553

ΚΗΦICIE: II<sup>2</sup>1036.34, 1940.15, 2329.5; S18.36.A549, 32.118.48

ΚΗΦICIEY: II<sup>2</sup>1938.31, 1958.27; A49.16

(c) II<sup>2</sup>1609.[82], 1616.[97], 1618.111, 2116.17; F7.21; S32.171.c11

## 60. KERAMEIS

- (a) ἐκ Κεραμέων
- (b) EK K: II<sup>2</sup>2086.89(t), 2193.78(t), 2194.20(t)  
EK KE: II<sup>2</sup>1951.331  
EK KEP: II<sup>2</sup>1443.7, 1567.16, 1599.4(see S21.574), 1951.354, 2119.61/62/65; H19.23f.4; S26.176.80, 32.171.c6  
EK KEPA: II<sup>2</sup>1612.342/346/347, 1622.762, 1631.538, 1632.183, 1673.59(ΕΓ ΚΕΡΑ), 2050.89/90; A49.8; S12.100.44, 16.127.9  
EK KEPAM: II<sup>2</sup>1631.544, 1955.24, 2318.289  
EK KEPAME: II<sup>2</sup>1609.77, 1623.39, 2049.72; (?)K34; S21.392.36
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>1611.305, 1622.590, 2223.70; S33.168.BII20, 34.63.8/36
- (d) The contracted demotic EK KE<sup>Ω</sup>N occurs in II<sup>2</sup>3424.5/9

## 61. KETTOS

- (a) Κήτιος
- (b) KH: II<sup>2</sup>2020.22(or Kephisia), 2058.13(or Kephisia)  
KHT: II<sup>2</sup>1951.58

KHTT: S25.184.67(KHTTI II<sup>2</sup>1609.67)

KHTTI: II<sup>2</sup>1706.33; A61.107

- (c) II<sup>2</sup>1706.33/58(KHTTI; Dow KHTTI[OC])

## 62. KIKYNNA

- (a) Κικυννεύς
- (b) KIK: II<sup>2</sup>2044.62; S28.130.[27]  
KIKY: II<sup>2</sup>2067.87  
KIKYN:II<sup>2</sup>1534.[39], 1629.46, 1632.316/329, 1930.9;H19.210ff.49; S28.129.[6f]/7,  
28.134.4f  
KIKYNNE: II<sup>2</sup>1706.17  
KIKYNNEY: S21.392.33
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>2443.36

## 63. KOILE

- (a) ἐκ Κοίλης, Κοιλεύς
- (b) EK: F8.41(p) (For the preposition only cf. Oion)  
EK K: II<sup>2</sup>2017.25(t), 2097.222(t,p), 2237.27(p); F6.99(t)  
EK KO: H9.79f.7(t); S14.87.86(t)  
KOI: II<sup>2</sup>1616.52  
EK KOI: II<sup>2</sup>1541.2, 1672.250/277, 1951.91, 1958.13, 2070.18, 2130.182, 2223.35;  
A395.6/16, 458.9; K85; S21.456.116, 25.180.19, 33.167.eII20  
EK KOΙΔ: S32.118.41  
EK ΚΟΙΛΗ: II<sup>2</sup>2235.8; H9.72ff.14/16
- (c) A458.19; H19.226ff.20f(or Kolonos)

## 64. KOLLYTOS

- (a) Κολλυτεύς
- (b) ΚΟΛ: II<sup>2</sup>2028.9(?p), 2068.29/30(or Kolonai, in both cases), 2082.29(t), 2113.41(or  
Kolonai); H5.393ff.114(p); S18.36.B340(p)  
ΚΟΛΛΑ: II<sup>2</sup>1587.12, 1616.91(or X]ΟΛΛΑ), 1622.420, 1632.156(or ΚΟΛ[Ω]),  
1951.349/350

ΚΟΛΛΥ: I<sup>3</sup>476.402; II<sup>2</sup>1611.384, 1612.121, 1672.253, 1706.82(102 Dow), 1951.45/61, 2017.15, 2024.19, 2103.57(ΚΟΛΥ), 2318.207; A406.26; K164; S18.36.B[335]/[336]/339f

ΚΟΛΛΥΤ: II<sup>2</sup>1534.64, 2024.128; S32.118.77 (ΚΟ]Ι[ΛΛΥΤ... in II<sup>2</sup>1585.12f is surely Κολλυτεύc)

ΚΟΛΛΥΤΕ: A49.22

(c) II<sup>2</sup>1593.8(or Kolonai), 1633.7f(or Kolonai); F7.26

#### 65. KOLONAI

(a) Κολωνήθεν

(b) KO: II<sup>2</sup>2103.111(or Konthyle)(t)

ΚΟΛ: II<sup>2</sup>2068.29(or Kollytos)/30(or Kollytos)/84(p), 2113.41(or Kollytos)

ΚΟΛΩ: II<sup>2</sup>1609.105, 1622.773, 1632.156(or ΚΟΛ[Λ]), 1930.14, 1996.51, 2018.34, 2042.6/8, 2049.26, 2086.80, 2126.10; H19.244ff.51(or A]ΛΩ or EK ΚΟ]ΛΩ or Π]ΛΩ]; S33.167eIII10f(or EK K]ΙΟΛΩ)

ΚΟΛΩΝ: II<sup>2</sup>1622.772; K158; S32.118.43

ΚΟΛΩΝΗ: II<sup>2</sup>1612.116, 2065.73; XII 8.63.16; H9.66ff.III125; K30; S16.123.30/32

ΚΟΛΩΝΗΘ: II<sup>2</sup>1955.21

ΚΟΛΩΝΗΘΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1955.26

(c) II<sup>2</sup>1593.8(or Kollytos), 1633.7f(or Kollytos), 2443.37

#### 66. KOLONOS

(a) ἐκ Κολωνοῦ

(b) EK ΚΟΛ: H19.254ff.8; S32.118.50/56

EK ΚΟΛΩ: II<sup>2</sup>1672.52, 1706.5; H19.244ff.51(or A]ΛΩ or KO]ΛΩ or Π]ΛΩ); S21.392.42, 33.167.eIII10f(or K]ΟΛΩ)

(c) H19.226ff.20f(or Koile); S32.171.c10

#### 67. KONTHYLE

(a) Κονθυλίδης, Κονθυλῆθεν

(b) KO: II<sup>2</sup>2103.111(or Kolonai)(t)

KON: II<sup>2</sup>2128.46

KONΘY: II<sup>2</sup>1534.221

ΚΟΝΘΥΛΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1436.4

ΚΟΝΘΥΛΗ: II<sup>2</sup>2050.30, 3607.14; S22.101.14

#### 68. KOPROS

- (a) Κόπρειος
- (b) KO: II<sup>2</sup>2103.140(t)  
ΚΟΠΡ: II<sup>2</sup>1612.293, 1958.28  
ΚΟΠΡΕΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1622.530/661, 1629.6/28; S16.127.[4]
- (c) H19.236ff.30(cf.S16.130b)/41; S16.127.[9]

#### 69. KORYDALLOS

- (a) Κορυδαλλεύς
- (b) KOP: II<sup>2</sup>2103.168  
KOPY: II<sup>2</sup>2067.183  
KOPYΔΑΛ: II<sup>2</sup>1028.142

#### 70. KOTHOKIDAI

- (a) Κοθωκίδης
- (b) KOΘ: II<sup>2</sup>1597.22, 1632.191, 1951.190, 2052.83  
ΚΟΘΩ: II<sup>2</sup>1597.18, 1613.183, 1951.189; K83  
ΚΟΘΩΚΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1622.489, 1632.145  
ΚΟΘΩΚΙΔ: II<sup>2</sup>681.14  
ΚΟΘΩΚΙΔΗ: II<sup>2</sup>1706.25
- (c) S12.140.4, 14.97.19(cf.II<sup>2</sup>2484.11)

#### 71. KRIOA

- (a) Κριωεύς
- (b) KPI: II<sup>2</sup>1609.[83], 1951.87  
KPIΩ: II<sup>2</sup>1609.90, 2018.8(KPEΙΩ); A380.26  
KPIΩE: II<sup>2</sup>1566.8, 1622.668; S29.152.IV26

#### 72. KROPIDAI

- (a) Κρωπίδης
- (b) KRΩΠΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1930.13; H19.254ff.[65]; S29.152.I32

ΚΡΩΠΙΔ: K39; S29.114.48

- (c) II<sup>2</sup>1929.[5]

### 73. KYDANTIDAI

- (a) Κυδαντίδης
- (b) KYΔΑ: II<sup>2</sup>336.5(or Kydathenaion), 1618(p), 2020.82(or Kydathenaion), 2050.4(or Kydathenaion; see F p.198 n.4 on 2050.1-5 generally), 2634.2 (or Kydathenaion)  
KYΔΑΝ: II<sup>2</sup>1597.4/6/8, 1609.22, 1625.1, 1930.23(or KYΔΑ[Θ]), 2481.16; A58.85;  
S.12.100.42/58/65, 28.129.24  
KYΔΑΝΤ: II<sup>2</sup>1631.189  
KYΔΑΝΤΙ: II<sup>2</sup>143.23, 1629.835, 1631.543/555/[582]/588f; S28.129.26  
KYΔΑΝΤΙΔ: II<sup>2</sup>1627.201
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>143.20(cf.ZPE 54 (1984) 249f); H19.240ff.46

### 74. KYDATHENAION

- (a) Κυδαθηναῖς
- (b) KY: A460.72/73/74/75(all t, and collective demotic in 71); F6.52/53/56(all t)  
KYΔ: II<sup>2</sup>2061.13(t), 2128.28(t), 2211.7(t), 2237.8(p); F8.64/65(both t);  
S28.166.10(t,p), 29.152.III58(t)  
KYΔΑ: II<sup>2</sup>336.5(or Kydantidai), 2020.82(or Kydantidai), 2050.4(or Kydantidai; see F p.198 n.4 on 2050.1-5 generally), 2051.18(t), 2061.2/3/4(all t), 2082.35(t), 2097.61(t),  
2130.116(t), 2223.21(p), 2634.2(or Kydantidai); S29.152.I31(p), 29.152.III47/48/49(all t)  
KYΔΑΘ: II<sup>2</sup>1570.50, 1576.24(but see S18.48), 1613.208, 1622.41/746, 1631.215,  
1706.99(141 Dow)/113(155 Dow), 1930.23(or KYΔΑ[N]), 2020.27, 2086.70, 2211.6,  
2343.1; F6.11; H5.393ff.28; S18.36.B112/114/117/119(KYΔΑΘΗ II<sup>2</sup>1558.75) (For  
S21.515.2 see under Kytheros)  
KYΔΑΘΗ: II<sup>2</sup>1468.2, 1524.72, 1590.8f/15, 1618.80, 1620.49, 1623.192, 1624.67,  
1629.151/511/538/644/700, 1631.353/645, 1632.45/58/179, 1929.29, 1951.107, 1996.44,  
2017.15/16, 2019.13, 2052.45, 2814.4, 6597.2; H17.48(no.46)3f; S18.36.A400  
KYΔΑΘΗΝ: II<sup>2</sup>1152.6f, 1517.11, 1622.580; S18.36.A554  
KYΔΑΘΗΝΑ: II<sup>2</sup>1706.15  
KYΔΑΘΗΝΑΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1609.71, 1612.130, 1672.168; S22.101.3/4

- (c) II<sup>2</sup>2223.58(or Kytheros)(t), 2318.[34]; A477.37(t); F7.14(p); S35.130[49]/[50] (both t,p)

### 75. KYTHEROS

- (a) Κυθήριος
- (b) KYΘ: II<sup>2</sup>2082.36, 2130.117; H5.393ff.6/8  
KYΘH: II<sup>2</sup>2128.29, 2193.57/58  
KYΘHP: II<sup>2</sup>233.[4], 478.100, 1629.815, 1632.105, 1672.275, 1951.99; S12.100.54, 16.123.26/28, 18.36.B328f, 34.101(KY[ΔΑΘ S21.515.2])  
KYΘHPP: II<sup>2</sup>901.2, 1622.628, 1623.234, 1631.177; H19.236ff.7; S18.36.B330, 28.121.57  
KYΘHPPI: II<sup>2</sup>1627.223, 1632.87  
KYΘHPPIO: S14.64.38
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>2223.58(or Kydathenaion)(t)

### 76. LAKIADAI

- (a) Λακιάδης
- (b) ΛΑ: II<sup>2</sup>1991.2(or Lamptrai), 2020.32(see S31.140)(or Lamptrai), 2050.17(or Lamptrai)  
ΛΑΚ: II<sup>2</sup>1958.10(ΛΑΚ); H19.244ff.f3f(or AN]ΙΑΚ or ΘΗΜ]ΙΑΚ); S33.167.eII8(ΛΑΚ)  
ΛΑΚΙ: II<sup>2</sup>336.6, (?)1609.80(see S31.127), 1612.282/301, 1632.309, 2068.88(ΛΑΚΚΙ); S12.100.36  
ΛΑΚΙΑ: II<sup>2</sup>1615.103, 1631.130, 1951.272; S34.146  
ΛΑΚΙΑΔ: II<sup>2</sup>1534.222, 1561.20, 1632.170f  
ΛΑΚΙΑΔΗ: S22.101.26
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>1951.11(or Lamptrai or Leukonoion or Lousia), 1991.3

### 77. LAMPTRAI

- (a) Λαμπτρεύς
- (b) Λ: (?)S31.130(t)(X II<sup>2</sup>2065.55)  
ΛΑ: II<sup>2</sup>1991.2(or Lakiadai), 2020.32(see S31.140)(or Lakiadai), 2050.17(or Lakiadai)

ΛΑΜ: II<sup>2</sup>1582.12, 1622.589/617/627, 1631.652, 1675.32, 1951.9(or Π]ΑΜ or CK]ΑΜ)/10/85/324, 1958.8/12/19/21/73, 1996.35/36/37/126, 2018.22, 2020.52, 2044.41/53/78, 2049.30/31/36/37, 2050.3/46/47/49, 2067.27/28/29/30, 2068.55, 2086.14/44, 2090.41, 2097.45, 2103.41/43/44/45/46/48/49/50, 2113.25/29, 2128.15, 2130.30/98/99, 2193.44, 2208.85, 2245.48, 2481.19, 2719.5, 3105.13(ΛΑΝ)/28/46, 3751.5; A380.42/49; F8.48/49/51/52/53; H19.244ff.60; K12; S26.176.13, 35.130.14/20/22/23/25/28

ΛΑΜΠΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1570.53, 1609.42/91, 1622.616, 1623.23, 1631.557, 1706.114(156 Dow), 1951.86, 1958.58/59/66/68, 2033.41, 2042.17, 2051.6, 2097.49, 2208.15, 2213.2, 3105.15(ΛΑΝΠΙ); K61; S12.100.74, 32.171b.2

ΛΑΜΠΤ: II<sup>2</sup>383.[3], 1609.114, 1611.288, 1622.634, 1631.147, 1632.[492], 1951.8, 1996.125, 2017.13, 2086.43, 2193.38, 2208.110, 3105.26/35(ΛΑΝΠΤ)/47/52; K17, 78; S18.36.A216, 19.174.13, 28.120.29

ΛΑΜΠΤΡ: II<sup>2</sup>1604.27, 1609.[62f], 1612.370(ΛΑΜΠ⟨Τ⟩Ρ), 1623.10, 1629.4/753, 1631.449/512, 1706.43, 1958.7, 2052.26, 3105.8/43; A460.88; H19.254ff.28; K81; S12.100.62, 28.122.8, 32.118.71, 32.171b.1

ΛΑΜΠΤΡΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1036.29, 1443.3, 1524.82/94, 1622.188/587, 1623.80/209, 1629.630, 1631.[205], 1706.35, 1940.25, 3105.10(ΛΑΝΠΤΡΕ)/23(ΛΑΝΠΤΡΕ)/24; A86.96; H19.254ff.38; S14.87.85

ΛΑΜΠΤΡΕΥ: II<sup>2</sup>1706.26; A49.9(ΛΑΜΠ⟨Τ⟩ΡΕΥ); S22.101.7, 24.157.4, 26.98.70  
(c) II<sup>2</sup>1443.6, 1530.1, 1646.5, 1951.11(or Lakiadai or Leukonoion or Lousia); F7.20; S19.174.11/12

## 78. LEUKONOION

- (a) Λευκονο(ι)εύς
- (b) Λ: II<sup>2</sup>2020.80(probably: ΛΕΥ follows, in line 81, and there are several other adjacent pairs in this part of the document)

ΛΕΥ: II<sup>2</sup>2020.81, 2044.68/77, 2067.50/51/52/53, 2103.78/100, 2128.32/33/34, 2194.7/8; F6.60/61; K14; S29.152.I6

ΛΕΥΚ: II<sup>2</sup>1612.127, 1632.187, 2037.26, 2065.70, 2103.71/95, 2130.123; F9.37; S18.36.B213

ΛΕΥΚΟ: II<sup>2</sup>1631.549/599f, 1632.86/93/192, 2017.16, 2018.33, 2128.37, 2193.66/67, 2211.13

ΛΕΥΚΟΝ: II<sup>2</sup>1609.69, (?)1632.98, 1706.7, 2723.4

ΛΕΥΚΟΝΟ: II<sup>2</sup>1590.19, 1612.131, 1631.531, 2024.126, 2059.7; S18.36.A220

ΛΕΥΚΟΝΟΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1615.65

ΛΕΥΚΟΝΟΕ: S29.114.49(ΛΕΥΚΟΝ II<sup>2</sup>787.30)

- (c) II<sup>2</sup>1631.580, 1951.11(or Lakiadai or Lamptrai or Lousia), 2223.62; S29.152.I5

#### 79. LOUSIA

- (a) Λουσιεύς
- (b) ΛΟΥ: II<sup>2</sup>1996.141  
ΛΟΥC: S29.114.55  
ΛΟΥCI: II<sup>2</sup>1609.88f(or ΠΠΑ]CI), 1623.237, 2052.81, S29.152.I8
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>1611.384, 1951.11(or Lakiadai or Lamptrai or Leukonoion)

#### 80. MARATHON

- (a) Μαραθώνιος
- (b) ΜΑ: II<sup>2</sup>2020.28, 2024.16, 2044.27, 2058.7, 2068.106,  
2103.143/144/145/148/149/152/153/154/, 2133.15, 2193.126/130, 2203.44, 2339.26;  
S12.123.105

MAP: II<sup>2</sup>2018.39, 2020.51/77/83, 2044.3/23/25/36/49/50/51, 2052.100,  
2067.158/159/160, 2070.16, 2082.16a, 2085.11/18, 2103.25/79, 2111-  
12.10/16/19/23/40/45/47/49/51/54/56/58/62/230, 2120.41, 2123.21/22, 2126.9, 2197.14,  
2203.6/73, 2208.25/42/120/121/122/123/124/125/127/128, 2239.296, 2257.4, 2275.3,  
2339.25/31; A380.53, 489.2/3/4/6/7/8/9; F6.103/104/105/106/107, 8.90/91/92/94/95/97;  
S12.115.24, 29.152.I11/15/18/52/83, 29.152.IV19

MAPA: II<sup>2</sup>1609.112, 1622.646, 1996.69/70/148/149(for 148-9 see S21.620), 2001.28,  
2017.32/37, 2018.10, 2019.2, 2020.7/13, 2051.85/87, 2067.107, 2069.92, 2086.163/164,  
2097.229, 2123.17/18, 2128.88/92, 2130.186/187/188/189, 2193.129, 2201.8, 2207.29,  
2208.7/16/17/20/86/87; A372.37, 460.90(for 460.84 see under Acharnai); S12.115.22/25,  
12.140.6, 29.152.I10/51, 35.130.18

MAPAΘ: II<sup>2</sup>105.[5](see ABSA 49 (1954) 37f), 1443.8, 1622.645, 1631.169,  
1632.100/190, (?)1719.11(see S31.130), 1929.23, 1951.60/271, 2046.32/35/36/37,  
2049.152, 2086.132, 2123.20, 2214.18, 2776.107, 2891.3; A460.85, 471.[3]; F9.88(MAPΘ);  
S3.260.15, 16.126.4, 28.129.3

ΜΑΡΑΩΘ: II<sup>2</sup>1622.753, 1623.283, 1948.5, 2033.33, 2046.10, 2097.230/233, 2193.128/131, 2207.28, 2332.306, 2358.82; S26.176.51

ΜΑΡΑΘΩΝ: II<sup>2</sup>3704.11

ΜΑΡΑΘΩΝΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1028.122/125/127, 1612.120, 2017.30, 2037.24, 2059.34, 2097.179, 2193.127; A49.29

(c) II<sup>2</sup>2038.11, 2052.[103], 2116.9, 2119.73, 2193.[123]/[124]/[125], 2195.[14]/[15]/[16]; A489.5/10; F6.102, 9.13/[48]/64; S14.165, 18.36.B34/36/39/42, 19.256, 33.168.AI33

## 81. MELITE

(a) Μελιτεύς

(b) ME: II<sup>2</sup>2020.53, 2044.5, 2052.90, 2070.7, 2087.10, 2103.124/126/129, 2191.61, 3607.29/30(MEI)/32

ΜΕΛ: II<sup>2</sup>1569.55/59, 1582.63, 1951.36, 2044.38/39, 2046.24, 2049.90, 2051.70, 2065.103/106, 2067.135/136/137/138, 2068.14, 2103.127, 2125.18/19, 2193.109, 2203.45, 2208.114/115, 2245.328, 2248.9; A461.3; F7.34/35/36/37, 8.81/82; H5.393ff.71, 9.72ff.3; S29.152.III105, 32.118.75

ΜΕΛΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1534.219, 1582.69/100, 1609.111, 1616.75/77, 1628.418, 1631.[14], 1673.60, 2019.15/26, 2020.21/44/84, 2024.130/134, 2046.23, 2050.103/105, 2052.88/89, 2065.107, 2068.23/69/99/100, 2086.153/156, 2097.211, 2128.75/76/78/79, 2130.178, 2203.7/42, 2245.17, 2274.5, 3607.20; A460.86; S12.115.12/13, 18.36.B256, 21.578.B3, 29.152.I56

ΜΕΛΙΤ: I<sup>3</sup>377.10, 475.248; II<sup>2</sup>1443.8, 1534.241/267, 1593.12, 1622.506/512, 1629.535/920/1048, 1951.49, 2033.31, 2104.8, 2203.75; H9.72ff.13, 9.79f.9, 19.236ff.41; K167; S18.36.A509, 18.36.B217/253/260/264, 32.118.62

ΜΕΛΙΤΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1498.72, 1593.13, 1611.314, 1622.660, 1623.183, 1628.401, 2361.28, 4513.5, 6826-7.3; A49.10; S18.36.A508

ΜΕΛΙΤΕΥ: II<sup>2</sup>1615.8, 2059.14; S12.100.30(MEΛΙΤE(Y))

(c) II<sup>2</sup>1566.39, 1996.150(S21.620), 2086.154, 2194.[37], 2208.[28]; F7.15; S12.123.2, 12.140.[12]/[13]/[14]/[17](S28.191)

## 82. MYRRHINOUS

(a) Μυρρινούσιος

(b) MYP: H5.393ff.9/10/19/120/122/123, 43.192(no.12 - if a demotic)

MYPP: II<sup>2</sup>1534.235; H5.393ff.118; S18.36.A399, 28.316(II<sup>2</sup>10753)

MYPPI: II<sup>2</sup>502.12, 1533.2, 1580.13, 1604.41, 1607.14, 1609.103, 1623.25/190, 1627.74, 1629.1114/1115, 1940.24, 2020.17(MYPI), 2061.6(MYPI), 2130.15/112/113(all MYPI), 2822.8; S16.127.1(or ΦPEA]PPI), 16.130(ΦPEAP]PI H19.236ff.28), 28.130.30, 29.152.I14(MYPI), 29.152.III51(MYPI)

MYPPIN: II<sup>2</sup>1152.[5f], 1436.7, 1578.6, 1629.1101, 1631.290/305/313/320

MYPPINO: II<sup>2</sup>1615.102; H57.314f.12(or Myrrhinoutta)

MYPPINOY: II<sup>2</sup>1629.537/618

MYPPINOYC: II<sup>2</sup>6896.2

MYPPINOYCI: II<sup>2</sup>1623.212/219

(c) II<sup>2</sup>1629.933; H5.393ff.[4]/[8]; S33.170.6, 35.130.5/73

### 83. MYRRHINOUTTA

(a) ἐκ/ἐγ Μυρρινούττης (ἐγ indicated by \*)

(b) EK MY: II<sup>2</sup>2020.11/12

EK MYP: II<sup>2</sup>2017.14, 2082.31, 2097.55, 2103.58a

EK MYPPI: II<sup>2</sup>1592.15\*, 1629.273\*, 1706.103(145 Dow)\*, 1996.41(MYPI), 2028.14(MYPI), 2035.3(MYPI), 2052.37/38(both MYPI), 2086.64, 2087.50, 2090.51(MYPI)

EK MYPPIN: II<sup>2</sup>1938.7\*; A58.33\*

EK MYPPINO: II<sup>2</sup>1996.126; H57.314f.12(or Myrrhinous)

EK MYPPINOYT: II<sup>2</sup>1631.293f\*/308f\*

EK MYPPINOYTT: II<sup>2</sup>1628.638\*, 1629.1118f\*/1129f\*, 1631.301\*, 2409.20(EΚΓ)

(c) F7.23/24

### 84. OA

(a) Ὁαθεύ, Ὁαεύς (and other forms with alpha as second syllable: see S. Dow, AJP 84 (1963) 166-181)

(b) OA: II<sup>2</sup>2046.30

OAΘ: II<sup>2</sup>502.9    ΩΑΘ: II<sup>2</sup>1604.2, 1673.63/99, 2052.73, 2068.31/32, 2086.149, 2130.22/164; S25.180.26, 35.130.2/35/36/83

OAΘΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1534.253/267

OAΕΥ: II<sup>2</sup>1958.11

## 85. OE

- (a) Ὀῆθεν (and other forms with eta as second syllable: see S. Dow, AJP 84 (1963) 166-181)
- (b) OH: II<sup>2</sup>2044.70(ΩH), 2068.96(ΩH), 2128.71, 2248.10  
 OHΘ: II<sup>2</sup>1524.187, 1632.58, 1706.71(91 Dow), 1951.275; F4.24, 8.76;  
 H19.226ff.164; S18.36.B110(OIHΘ), 21.306.4, 28.129.21(OIHΘ), 29.152.I33, 32.118.34  
 OHΘE: II<sup>2</sup>1534.269, 1609.112, 1622.688, 1628.100, 1958.72; A49.13(OIHΘE)

## 86. OINOE

- (a) Οἰναῖος
- (b) OIN: II<sup>2</sup>450.8, 1632.[100]; H5.393ff.154/170/172; S35.130.78/79/81/82  
 OINAI: II<sup>2</sup>123.6, 502.11, 1436.[8], 1611.385, 1623.5, 1632.[312]/344, 1951.339,  
 2128.65; S32.118.81, 33.167.eII22, 33.167.fIII10, 33.168.AII20/25
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>1929.13

## 87. OION

- (a) ἐξ Οἴον, Οἰόθεν
- (b) EΞ: II<sup>2</sup>2103.92/99; F6.62 (see below)  
 EΞ OI: II<sup>2</sup>1582.85, 1596.16, 1951.53/89, 2017.16/17, 2018.30/31/32, 2019.6, 2035.16,  
 2050.61/65, 2051.25, 2061.18/19, 2067.54/55/56/57, 2068.85/86, 2103.73/94, 2113.37,  
 2130.13/119/120/121/125, 2167.14, 2208.[26]/57, 2211.12/17/18; H3.58f.13;  
 S29.152.I28/29, 29.152.III63/64, 32.118.61  
 OI: II<sup>2</sup>2208.130(t)  
 OIO: II<sup>2</sup>2103.16/173; A470.23  
 OIOΘ: II<sup>2</sup>2086.175, 2103.174; S29.152.IV32/33
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>2274.11; S33.167.cIII17f, 35.130.[56]/[57](both t,p)
- (d) The three instances of EΞ alone (a possible fourth is II<sup>2</sup>2020.5) are perhaps masons' errors, though it may be noted that EΞ (as opposed to EK: see under Koile) entails no ambiguity.

## 88. OTRYNE

- (a) Ὀτρυνεύς
- (b) OTPY: II<sup>2</sup>1534.225, 1672.229, 2068.38(OPTY)  
OTPYN: K90

## 89. PAIANIA

- (a) Παιωνιεύς
- (b) Π: II<sup>2</sup>2103.86(?p)  
 ΠΑ: II<sup>2</sup>2103.88(p), 2257.2(or Paionidai or Pallene or Pambotadai)  
 ΠΑΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1602.28(or Paionidai), 1613.192(p), 1616.69(or Paionidai), 1672.196(p), 1947.6(or Paionidai), 1951.337(or Paionidai), 2020.20(or Paionidai), 2044.37/83(or Paionidai, in both cases), 2050.52(t,p), 2061.5/7/8/9/10/11/12(all t), 2065.63(t), 2068.71(p), 2082.18(or Paionidai)/34(t), 2085.22(p), 2086.68(t), 2097.58/60(both t), 2103.62/63/64(all t), 2128.27(t), 2193.55(t), 2211.5(t), 2245.39(or Paionidai), 2257.8(or Paionidai), 2481.8/9(or Paionidai, in both cases); A410.10(p), 460.38/39/40/41/42/43/44/45/46/47/48/49/50/51/52/53/61/62/63/64/65/66/67/68/69/70/81(al 1 t), 477.25/26/27/28/31/32/33(all t); F6.54(ΠΕΑ)/55(ΠΕ)(both t), 8.62/63(both t), H3.58f.5/9(both t); S29.152.III50/52/53/54/55/56/57(all t)  
 ΠΑΙΑ: II<sup>2</sup>102.19, 1534.48, 1566.5/27, 1609.91/117, 1613.192/287 1623.259, 1628.24/349, 1629.566/869/893, 1631.622, 1632.21/70/146f/183/255/[260]/263], 1706.12, 1929.18, 1958.39/52, 1996.73/133, 2050.7, 2067.40/44/194, 2068.16/25/26, 2070.22, 2086.69, 2126.12, 2130.56/83, 2193.56, 2213.18, 2481.22; A378.8, 477.21/22/24; K18; S18.36.A513, 29.152.I25/26, 33.167.cIII9, 33.167.eII7, 33.168.AII8  
 ΠΑΙΑΝ: II<sup>2</sup>399.[4], 1613.184, 1622.619, 1631.[110]/624, 1632.68, 2051.17, 2065.14, 2203.11, 2213.20, 2762.6; F7.30; K61; S13.53.7, 14.87.83, 29.114.45, 32.118.64/69  
 ΠΑΙΑΝΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1515.17, 1534.241/259, 1593.11, 1604.90, 1607.26, 1609.62, 1622.61/120, 1623.4/167/189, 1624.[43], 1627.248, 1628.21, 1629.520/526/639/729/737/907/931, 1631.[105], 1632.28, 1996.45/74, 2017.15, 2018.28, 2033.27, 2097.63, 2193.96, 2275.2/3, 2318.313, 2495.9; XII 8.63.10; H19.226ff.45/46, 19.236ff.12, 19.240ff.20; K18; S18.36.A429f/488, 21.515.1, 25.186.12, 29.114.46, 32.118.51/63/67  
 ΠΑΙΑΝΙΕ: I<sup>3</sup>476.229; II<sup>2</sup>1516.5, 1622.280/701, 1623.263, 1628.30, 2193.40, 2481.5; A477.29/30; S18.36.A254, 33.168.AII16

ΠΑΙΑΝΙΕΥ: II<sup>2</sup>2033.36; A49.20; S14.64.42, 21.392.45

- (c) II<sup>2</sup>1152.4, 1612.[301], 1632.311/343, 1706.6(ΠΑΙΑΝ; ΠΑΙΑΝΙ Dow), 1996.[46]; A351.7(or Paionidai or Pallene), 477.35/36/40(all t); F7.31/32; H19.224f.7, 19.254ff.[64]; S16.125.7f, 28.121.29f, 35.130.[53](t,p)

#### 90. PAIONIDAI

- (a) Παιονίδης  
 (b) ΠΑ: II<sup>2</sup>2257.2(or Paiania or Pallene or Pambotadai)

ΠΑΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1602.28(or Paiania), 1616.69(or Paiania), 1947.6(or Paiania), 1951.337(or Paiania), 2020.20(or Paiania), 2044.37/83(or Paiania, in both cases), 2082.18(or Paiania), 2086.73(t,p), 2087.9(p), 2103.75(p)/93(t), 2113.10(p), 2211.10/11(both t), 2245.39(or Paiania), 2257.8(or Paiania), 2481.8/9(or Paiania, in both cases)

ΠΑΙΟ: II<sup>2</sup>1706.91(133Dow), 1996.136/137, 2086.72(ΠΑΙΩ), 2103.68, 2130.122, 2203.49

ΠΑΙΟΝΙ: II<sup>2</sup>2037.26, 2050.67(ΠΑΙΩΝΙ)

ΠΑΙΟΝΙΔ: A49.34

ΠΑΙΟΝΙΔΗ: II<sup>2</sup>1706.28

- (c) A351.7(or Paiania or Pallene)

#### 91. PALLENE

- (a) Παλληνεύς  
 (b) Π: II<sup>2</sup>2103.163/164(both t), 2113.31(p)  
 ΠΑ: II<sup>2</sup>2065.123(t), 2097.237(t), 2103.157/159/160(all t), 2193.134/135(both t), 2257.2(or Paiania or Paionidai or Pambotadai)

ΠΑΛ: II<sup>2</sup>1596.24, 1951.351, 1958.14, 2019.24, 2020.85/86, 2046.31, 2049.19/21, 2051.92/94, 2065.124/125, 2067.165/166/167/168/169/170/198/211/213, 2068.9/36/63/79, 2085.20, 2086.173, 2088.1, 2090.32, 2097.238, 2103.21/37/158, 2104.10, 2128.101, 2130.6/24/48/58/82/88/193/194, 2144.1, 2193.37/134; A380.28/29; F6.109, 8.100/101/102; S29.152.I48, 29.152.IV20/21/25/30

ΠΑΛΛ: II<sup>2</sup>1039.w24, 1582.45, 1596.19, 1622.649, 1706.11, 1708.8, 2017.41; K147

ΠΑΛΛΗ: II<sup>2</sup>1028.134, 1596.22, 1609.54/84/117, 1622.573, 1628.417, 1631.462, 1669.3, 1706.118(160 Dow), 1929.26, 1996.66, 2017.40, 2097.235, 2104.7, 2111-12.14, 2119.77/78/79, 2126.7, 2193.97, 2318.205, 2332.299, 2338.65; S12.100.71,

16.123.9, 16.125.4, 18.36.A111, 18.36.B104/107, 21.336.[4], 26.176.54, 33.167.bII7f(or ΦΑ]ΛΗ)

ΠΑΛΛΗΝ: II<sup>2</sup>1622.629, 1631.466, 1951.93, 1958.55; A466.21

ΠΑΛΛΗΝΕ: II<sup>2</sup>(?)1570.5, 1622.599, 1706.108(150 Dow); S18.36.B55

ΠΑΛΛΗΝΕΥ: A49.27

(c) II<sup>2</sup>1629.937, 1631.[589], 1949.7, 2130.54; A351.7(or Paiania or Paionidai), 380.[7]/[8]/[9]; H19.224f.8; K104; S16.123.10, 21.572.6, 28.122.12

## 92. PAMBOTADAI

(a) Παμβωτάδης

(b) ΠΑ: II<sup>2</sup>2052.70(t), 2257.2(or Paiania or Paionidai or Pallene)

ΠΑΜ: II<sup>2</sup>1951.9(or Λ]ΑΜ or CK]ΑΜ), 2052.72(ΠΑΙ)(t), 2067.100, 2128.61/63, 3105.29

ΠΑΜΒ: II<sup>2</sup>1570.91; H19.208f.10(or CK]AMB)

ΠΑΜΒΩ: II<sup>2</sup>1604.1(but see under Skambonidai); A491.17; S26.176.91(ΠΑΝΒΩ), 32.118.53

ΠΑΜΒΩΤΑ: II<sup>2</sup>1706.37, 2208.104

ΠΑΜΒΩΤΑΔ: II<sup>2</sup>1631.505

(c) S21.392.39(cf.II<sup>2</sup>766.29)

## 93. PEIRAEUS

(a) Πειραιεύς

(b) ΠΕΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1996.68, 2020.18(for 19 see under Pithos), 2044.9/13/56/87, 2051.80, 2052.97, 2067.142/143/144/145/146, 2103.13/132/133/134/135/136/139, 2111-12.12, 2120.48, 2127.20/21, 2128.82, 2235.21, 2237.10; S29.152.IV14

ΠΕΙΡ: I<sup>3</sup>476.326; II<sup>2</sup>1598.7, 1622.763, 1951.115(ΠΕΡ, cf. CTER in line 326; alternatively Pergase or Perithoidai)/266, 2017.26, 2020.29/73(both ΠΙΡ), 2028.10/11, 2041.16/17, 2052.96, 2086.161, 2123.4/5/6/10/11/12, 2130.52/72/180/181/183/184, 2203.48, 2208.13; A380.51, 395.3/4/9/10/11/12/13/14/15/17, 458.3/7/8/11/12; F4.41/42, 6.92/96, 7.12/44/45/46/47, 8.86; H5.393ff.121, 19.254ff.69; S29.152.IV10/13, 33.167.eII17

ΠΕΙΡΑ: II<sup>2</sup>1598.16, 1955.11, 2017.24, 2068.108, 3607.24, 3744.11

ΠΕΙΡΑΙ: I<sup>3</sup>476.323/323f; II<sup>2</sup>1443.2, 1617.30, 1622.473, 1623.301, 1629.647/649, 1631.545/550, 1951.196/452, 1996.28/29, 1998.25, 2019.16/28, 2033.35, 2037.28,

2046.27/(28(ΠΕΙΡΕ)/29, 2049.12f, 2051.79, 2068.102/107, 2082.14, 2086.18, 2097.221(ΠΕΙΡΕ), 2123.9(ΠΕΙΡΕ), 2203.10; F4.37/38; H19.240ff.12; K4; S16.123.23/24, 18.36.A482f. 33.167.eII15f, 33.168.BII17

ΠΕΙΡΑΙΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1028.142, 1436.[5], 1623.248, 1938.5, 2329.4, 2350.3/4; S29.114.62

ΠΕΙΡΑΙΕΥ: II<sup>2</sup>1622.593, 1955.6/125; K31

(c) II<sup>2</sup>1534.208, 1632.317, 2193.119, 2195.[10]/[11]; A458.16/17; F6.95/100; S33.168.[BII12], 33.169.A27

#### 94. PELEKES

- (a) Πήληξ
- (b) Ni1

#### 95. PERGASE

- (a) Περγασῆθεν
- (b) ΠΕΡ: II<sup>2</sup>1951.115(or Peiraieus(q.v.)or Perithoidai), 2068.33/81(or Perithoidai, in both cases), 3105.12/29(both t)
- ΠΕΡΓ: II<sup>2</sup>1629.278, 1951.278/407, 2208.45; F8.47/50
- ΠΕΡΓΑ: II<sup>2</sup>1609.120, 1669.4, 2046.38/39, 3105.11; K38; S16.123.34, 29.152.I20
- ΠΕΡΓΑΣ: II<sup>2</sup>1706.56, 3105.31/32/36
- ΠΕΡΓΑΣΗ: II<sup>2</sup>1629.57, 3105.6/20; K122
- ΠΕΡΓΑΣΗΘ: II<sup>2</sup> 1629.120/157, 2065.54, 3105.38
- (c) S16.123.35

#### 96. PERITHOIDAI

- (a) Περιθοίδης
- (b) ΠΕΡ: II<sup>2</sup>1951.115(or Peiraieus(q.v.)or Pergase), 2068.33/81(or Pergase, in both cases)
- ΠΕΡΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1996.62
- ΠΕΡΙΘ: II<sup>2</sup>1622.483; XII 8.63.4/5
- ΠΕΡΙΘΟ: S18.36.A471
- ΠΕΡΙΘΟΙ: II<sup>2</sup>2128.70; H43.190(no.6); K119; S18.36.A467/475
- ΠΕΡΙΘΟΙΔ: II<sup>2</sup>1622.487/761
- ΠΕΡΙΘΟΙΔΗ: II<sup>2</sup>1938.15

### 97. PHALERON

- (a) Φαληρέύς
- (b) ΦΑ: II<sup>2</sup>2020.33, 2058.3, 2103.146/151; A422.3; K73  
 ΦΑΛ: II<sup>2</sup>1951.38/57, 2017.38, 2018.17, 2044.48, 2067.22/116/118/154/155/161/  
 162/196/222/224, 2086.6/165, 2128.91, 2193.146, 2208.34/126, 2237.143; F8.37/93;  
 S28.166.6  
 ΦΑΛΗ: II<sup>2</sup>336a.[1](see H9.341), 1028.124/129, 1609.70, 1673.6, 1706.20, 1980.3,  
 1996.24, 2018.38, 2035.14, 2086.168, 2087.15. 2090.20, 2111-12.33, 2128.89, 2130.190,  
 2189.2, 2199.67, H5.393ff.169, 9.340(II<sup>2</sup>414).[4]; K84, 154; S12.115.23, 33.167.bII3/7f(or  
 ΠΑΛ]ΙΛΗ)
- ΦΑΛΗΡ: II<sup>2</sup>1534.244, 1598.10/11, 1951.205, 2017.34, 2049.34, 2318.198; K73
- ΦΑΛΗΡΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1443.5, 1533.17, 1534.236, 1622.128/131/137/549, 1706.117(159 Dow);  
 H19.254ff.30  
 ΦΑΛΗΡΕΥ: II<sup>2</sup>1598.19, 1706.98(140 Dow)
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>1598.25, 1706.87(129 Dow), 2189.1, 2223.31; S18.36.A232, 33.170.10

### 98. PHEGAIA

- (a) Φηγαιεύς
- (b) ΦΗ: II<sup>2</sup>2019.23(p), 2052.77(t,p), 2103.81(Φ[})(or Phegous)  
 ΦΗΓ: II<sup>2</sup>1631.[134](p), 1632.182(p), 2130.163(t); F6.78(t); H19.270ff.7(or Phegous);  
 S16.125.14(or Phegous), 26.176.52(p)/92(t,p), 29.152.I19(or Phegous), 35.130.80(t)  
 ΦΗΓΑ: H5.393ff.299  
 ΦΗΓΑΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1622.703, 1623.1, 1629.774, 1632.334, 1951.449, 2019.5/30, 2020.23,  
 2046.8, 2052.75(ΦΗΓΟΥ)(t), 2128.64, 2130.162; F6.12(or BH]CAI or I]TAI)  
 ΦΗΓΑΙΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1706.16  
 ΦΗΓΑΙΕΥ: S21.392.43

### 99. PHEGOUS

- (a) Φηγούσιος
- (b) Φ: II<sup>2</sup>2087.16(p)  
 ΦΗ: II<sup>2</sup>2103.47(t)/81(Φ[})(or Phegaia)  
 ΦΗΓ: II<sup>2</sup>2130.103(t); H19.270ff.7(or Phegaia); S16.125.14(or Phegaia), 29.152.I19(or  
 Phegaia)

ΦΗΓΟΥ: II<sup>2</sup>1929.2, 2086.42

ΦΗΓΟΥC: II<sup>2</sup>2086.46

#### 100. PHILAIΔAI

(a) Φιλαίδης, Φιλάδης

(b) ΦΙ: II<sup>2</sup>2051.12, 2103.56

ΦΙΛ: II<sup>2</sup>2044.44, 2090..48, 2104.9, 2237.9; F8.56

ΦΙΛΑ: II<sup>2</sup>1629.277, 1996.131, 2020.88/89, 2044.47, 2052.41, 2068.13/72, 2086.48, 2087.49/63, 2090.46/47, 2103.54; S28.129.[13], 29.152.II103

ΦΙΛΑΙ: S32.118.59

ΦΙΛΑΙΔ: II<sup>2</sup>1706.77(97 Dow)

ΦΙΛΑΔ: II<sup>2</sup>2208.10, 2213.8

(c) II<sup>2</sup>2104.[11]

#### 101. PHLYA

(a) Φλυεύς

(b) Φ: II<sup>2</sup>2018.42(p), 2103.105/106(both t)

ΦΛ: II<sup>2</sup>2067.70/72, 2103.108/114, 2119.52/53, 2120.60, 2193.71; S29.152.III33

ΦΛΥ: II<sup>2</sup>1533.66, 1996.54/55/56, 2018.12/37, 2019.11/18/29, 2020.38/39/55/70, 2044.4/17/42/60/79, 2046.13/19/42, 2049.28/29, 2050.73/77, 2052.55, 2067.67/68/69/71, 2068.7/12/18/19/20/66/67, 2085.10/13/21, 2086.79, 2090.93/94/100/103/104/105/106/107, 2097.78, 2103.27/80/82/107/109/112, 2113.44/46/48/50, 2120.32/33/35, 2128.42/43/44/45, 2130.10/28/74/127/128/130/131, 2193.34, 2207.9/10/12, 2223.64/65, 2239.15, 2245.168/306, 2248.8, 2473.3; A392.23, 416.18/19/20/21/22/24/25(Φ⟨Λ⟩Y); F6.22/66/68; S29.152.I30/36/37/41, 29.152.II102/107, 32.118.64

ΦΛΥΕ: II<sup>2</sup>668.26, 1436.5, 1534.281, 1590.10, 1938.19, 1951.355, 2193.70, 2194.11/12/13, 2223.20, 2814.8; K29, 124; S26.176.60, 32.118.63/78

ΦΛΥEY: II<sup>2</sup>1706.29, 2193.72; S32.118.79

(c) II<sup>2</sup>1443.4

## 102. PHREARRHIOI

- (a) Φρεάρριος
- (b) ΦΡ: II<sup>2</sup>2103.97  
ΦΡΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1582.123, 2103.83  
ΦΡΕΑ: II<sup>2</sup>1582.118, 1951.285; K92; S16.123.38  
ΦΡΕΑΠ: II<sup>2</sup>1524.194, 1568.2/4, 1592.14, 1611.330, 1622.333, 1631.140/165/576f, 1632.248/330/342, 2671.3  
ΦΡΕΑΠΠ: II<sup>2</sup>1524.177, 1534.238, 1567.10, 1629.67/131, 1631.191, 1925.6, 1951.90; H19.226ff.18; S18.36.A133  
ΦΡΕΑΠΠΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1523.20, 1567.12, 1615.47/106, 1618.25, 1631.195/490/575; A460.91; S16.127.1(or ΜΥ]ΠΠΙ), 18.36.A190/191, 28.120.13, 28.121.75/79, 28.130.16f, 29.114.50(ΦΡΕΑΠΙ), 32.118.75/76
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>1592.24(see S34.124), 1623.[84], 1629.597/837; A62.[349]; H19.226ff.[22]

## 103. PHYLE

- (a) Φυλάσιος
- (b) ΦΥ: II<sup>2</sup>2020.5/6, 2050.98, 2068.90, 2103.19/26/118/119  
ΦΥΛ: II<sup>2</sup>2049.32, 2051.36, 2067.11/110/123/130/131/132/220, 2075.13/14; F8.75  
ΦΥΛΑ: II<sup>2</sup>1582.[129], 1632.270, 1706.13, 2035.17, 2046.21, 2052.15, 2068.42, 2130.171, 2208.76, 2223.33, 2235.6, 2329.6; A449.11/12; F4.19/22/25, 6.84, 8.39; S29.152.I80, 32.118.66  
ΦΥΛΑС: II<sup>2</sup>1631.348, 1706.101(143 Dow)(see H23.244 n.8), 2208.32, 2223.23  
ΦΥΛΑСΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1940.28(or ΑΝΑΓΥΡ]ΑСΙ or ΘΡ]ΑСΙ or ΠР]ΑСΙ or ΠΤΕΛΕ]ΑСΙ or ΤΕΙΘΡ]ΑСΙ), 1996.60/61, 2017.18, 2030.7, 2097.205; K63, 122, 123; S32.118.72
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>1996.142; F6.18; S12.115.9, 12.140.[8], 18.36.A155, 18.36.B346f/347f

## 104. PITHOS

- (a) Πιθεύς
- (b) Π: II<sup>2</sup>2103.128(t)  
ΠΙ: II<sup>2</sup>2020.19(unless it is Π(Ε)Ι? - cf. in the same document, ΔΙΠΑ(24), ΔΙΠ(25) and, especially, ΠΙΠ(29/73))  
ΠΙΘ: II<sup>2</sup>1567.14, 1582.43/125/126, 1609.118, 1629.[1093], 1631.284, 1632.59/106/107/136/(?)[275], 2049.96, 2052.94, 2068.52, 2086.157; F8.84; H19.226ff.[64], 19.240ff.[44]/45, 19.254ff.[70]; S12.115.11(ΠΙΤΘ), 29.152.I38/39

- ΠΙΘΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1622.477, 1623.231, 1629.716, 1632.250; H19.236ff.16, 19.240ff.25;  
 S16.123.29, 28.129.8  
 ΠΙΘΕΥ: II<sup>2</sup>1706.97(139 Dow)  
 (c) H19.240ff.[29]/42; S28.130.[25]/28

#### 105. PLOTHEIA

- (a) Πλωθεύς  
 (b) ΠΛΩ: H19.244ff.51(or Α]ΛΩ or ΚΟ]ΛΩ or ΕΚ ΚΟ]ΛΩ)  
 ΠΛΩΘΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1623.173, 1632.151; K173  
 ΠΛΩΘΕΥ: II<sup>2</sup>1706.46

#### 106. POROS

- (a) Πόριος  
 (b) ΠΟΡ: II<sup>2</sup>2097.84  
 ΠΟΡΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1609.82, 2130.13; H9.79f.8; S28.121.73

#### 107. POTAMOS

- (a) Ποτάμιος  
 (b) ΠΟΤ: H5.393ff.151  
 ΠΟΤΑ: II<sup>2</sup>124.21, 1593.22  
 ΠΟΤΑΜ: II<sup>2</sup>2274.7; XII 8.63.14; S34.142  
 ΠΟΤΑΜΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1583.27(see S28.125); H19.254ff.24  
 (c) II<sup>2</sup>1632.139

#### 108. PRASIAI

- (a) Πρασιεύς  
 (b) ΠΡΑ: I<sup>3</sup>327.27; II<sup>2</sup>1930.20, 2067.43, 2068.105  
 ΠΡΑCI: I<sup>2</sup>914; II<sup>2</sup>1590.13f, 1609.88f(or ΛΟΥ]CI), 1615.6, 1706.100(132 Dow),  
 1930.19, 1940.28(or ΑΝΑΓΥΡ]ACI or ΘΡΙ]ACI or ΠΤΕΛΕ]ACI or ΤΕΙΘΡ]ACI or  
 ΦΥΛ]ACI)/29(or ΑΝΑΓΥ]PACI or ΤΕΙΘ]PACI); XII 8.63.11; K3  
 ΠΡΑCIE: II<sup>2</sup>1622.711; S19.174.8  
 ΠΡΑCIEY: II<sup>2</sup>1612.134; K147  
 (c) S35.130.[51](t,p)

### 109. PROBALINTHOS

- (a) Προβαλίσιος
- (b) ΠΡΟ: II<sup>2</sup>2019.8 (or Prospalta), 4879(see F pp.169f).3/4/5(or Prospalta, in all cases); S35.130.72(or Prospalta)
  - ΠΡΟΒ: II<sup>2</sup>1706.109(151 Dow); S33.167.fII6/7/11
  - ΠΡΟΒΑ: II<sup>2</sup>1631.576, 1632.271/276/343, 2649.5
  - ΠΡΟΒΑΛ: S(?)21.515.3f, 32.171.c7
  - ΠΡΟΒΑΛΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1534.26, 1925.3, 1958.26; H15.198ff.119f; S33.168.AII32
  - ΠΡΟΒΑΛΙC: II<sup>2</sup>1958.53
- (c) S33.167.fII2, 33.168.AII14f

### 110. PROSPALTA

- (a) Προσπάλτιος
- (b) Π: II<sup>2</sup>2103.110(t)
  - ΠΡΟ: II<sup>2</sup>2019.8(or Probalinthos), 4879(see F pp.169f).3/4/5(or Probalinthos, in all cases); S35.130.72(or Probalinthos)
  - ΠΡΟΣ: II<sup>2</sup>1706.3, 2049.27
  - ΠΡΟΣΠ: II<sup>2</sup>1618.73, 1632.249
  - ΠΡΟСПΑ: II<sup>2</sup>1623.127
  - ΠΡΟСПΑΛ: II<sup>2</sup>1400.7, 1443.4, 2128.39; H19.240ff.47; K79; S16.123.15/28
  - ΠΡΟСПΑΛΤ: II<sup>2</sup> 2443.23
  - ΠΡΟСПАΛΤΙ: K6
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>1632.[255]

### 111. PTELEA

- (a) Πτελεάσιος
- (b) ΠΤΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1672.198, 1951.333, 2067.133
  - ΠΤΕΛ: II<sup>2</sup>2049.87
  - ΠΤΕΛΕ: II<sup>2</sup>1632.141f; K2
  - ΠΤΕΛΕΑ: II<sup>2</sup>1632.94, 1706.68(88 Dow)
  - ΠΤΕΛΕΑCI; II<sup>2</sup>1940.28(or ΑΝΑΓΥΡ]ACI or ΘΡ]ACI or ΠΡ]ACI or TEΙΘΡ]ACI or ΦΥΛ]ACI)
- (c) F4.18

### 112. RHAMNOUS

- (a) Ῥαμνούσιος
- (b) PA: II<sup>2</sup>2103.147  
PAM: II<sup>2</sup>2024.123/124, 2028.13, 2046.34, 2067.156/157/163, 4513.4; H5.393ff. 184  
PAMN: II<sup>2</sup>1632.312, 1706.9/83(103 Dow), 2051.86, 2068.74, 2070.17, 2726.10;  
S21.656.4/5  
PAMNO: II<sup>2</sup>124.20, 1534.213, 1590.18, 1622.671/692, 2086.167  
PAMNOY: II<sup>2</sup>220.4f, 1533.12, 1622.199/676/731, 1629.487, 1632.157/162, 1996.80;  
A49.6, 53.12; S18.36.A516f, 29.152.I24  
PAMNOYC: II<sup>2</sup>1028.123, 1561.14, 1622.723, 1706.40  
PAMNOYCI: II<sup>2</sup>1028.126, 1622.545/553, 1623.48, 1940.20
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>124.21, 2072.2; S33.168.AI35, 33.169.A8

### 113. SEMACHIDAI

- (a) Σημαχίδης
- (b) C: II<sup>2</sup>2103.161(t)  
CH: A422.4  
CHM: II<sup>2</sup>2194.14(see below)  
CHMA: II<sup>2</sup>2020.47, 2086.82(see below), 2193.73(see below); K81; S14.87.82,  
29.152.IV28  
CHMAX: II<sup>2</sup>2087.53(see below)  
CHMAXI: II<sup>2</sup>1622.707, 2128.100, 2193.133  
CHMAXIΔΗ: II<sup>2</sup>1028.135
- (d) Four of these attestations (as indicated) belong not to Antiochid Semachidai but to its late Roman homonym in Ptolemais: see Traill, POA 94-5 and 121

### 114. SKAMBONIDAI

- (a) Σκαμβωνίδης
- (b) CKA: II<sup>2</sup>2044.54/69  
CKAM: II<sup>2</sup>1951.9(or Λ]AM or Π]AM), 1996.53, 2072.8, 2085.15, 2097.201, 2128.62;  
S29.152.I42/43  
CKAMB: II<sup>2</sup>2086.137, 2087.24, 2203.8, 2245.16; H19.208f.10(or Π]AMB);  
S12.115.6

CKAMBΩ: II<sup>2</sup>1602.30, (?)1604.1(i.e. conceivably ΔΙΟΚΛ[HC CK]AM[B]Ω rather than Kirchner's ΔΙΟΚΛ[ΕΗC Π]AM[B]Ω), 1623.41, 1632.106/142, 2017.16, 2049.15, 2086.130; XII 8.63.13; K4(CKABΩ)

CKAMBΩΝ: II<sup>2</sup>1622.760, 1706.41, 1940.21

CKAMBΩΝΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1690.3

(c) II<sup>2</sup>1593.6f; S34.63.7

## 115. SOUNION

(a) Κονιεύς

(b) COY: II<sup>2</sup>1996.147(t), 2044.29(p), 2067.114(p)/182(t)/187(t), 2103.167(t); F8.106(t); and see below

COYN: II<sup>2</sup>1582.127, 1659.5/8, 2049.8, 2086.176/177, 2130.98; H19.244ff.5; S12.100.80

COYNI: II<sup>2</sup>1436.7, 1443.7, 1533.23, 1534.222, 1567.18/(?)20, 1582.135, 1596.28, 1609.89, 1629.543/954, 1631.[135], 1938.16, 1951.88, 1996.67, 2020.54, 2035.18, 2046.43, 2119.87, 2130.17, 2214.31, 2361.21; H4.565ff.9, 19.226ff.44/53/88/106, 19.236ff.11/25; K95; S12.100.46/59f/60/69/70, 16.125.6, 28.120.11, 28.121.18/19/32, 28.130.6/13, 29.152.I46, (?)33.167.bi1

COYNIE: II<sup>2</sup>1622.705, 1623.186, 1629.689, 2051.63, 2358.22; S16.63.4, 32.118.35

COYNIEY: II<sup>2</sup>1622.625; K119

(c) II<sup>2</sup>1582.162; H19.226ff.68; S28.121.8f/[44], 29.152.I82(or Sybridai or Sypalettos)

(d) Instances of COY which external evidence shows to be Sounion (above) create a presumption that other instances are so attributable: see II<sup>2</sup>1996.72, 2044.73, 2049.23, 2087.54, 2103.22, 2127.11/12; note, however, that the patronymic of ΘΕΟΔΩΡΟC ΠΡΑΞΙΤΕΛΟYC COY in II<sup>2</sup>2067.15 forges a strong link (PA 12172-5, cf. 12168-9) with Sybridai.

## 116. SPHETTOS

(a) Σφήττιος

(b) ΣΦ: II<sup>2</sup>2103.116, 2194.24, 2237.14

ΣΦΗ : II<sup>2</sup>2044.46, 2050.88, 2067.13/14/80/82/83/84/85/86/112/113, 2068.77/89, 2085.17, 2086.84, 2097.30, 2193.86, 2237.105, 3607.28; A422.2, 442.4; H10.260.4; S35.130.70

СФHT: II<sup>2</sup>1582.551, 1620.[58], 1624.78, 1706.31, 1929.16, 1951.55, 2029.9, 2046.6, 2050.79/80/81/82, 2067.81, 2068.39/40/54, 2072.2, 2086.16/85, 2087.6/23/51, 2088.4, 2097.81/83, 2113.12, 2119.57/58/59, 2127.22, 2128.50, 2130.32, 2193.82, 2207.14/15/16, 2208.30/64, 2215.6, 2274.10, 3607.35, 4514.1; F6.70; H5.393ff.77; S12.100.65/71, 18.36.B342, 29.152.I9/27, 32.118.33/76/77, 33.167.fIII19, 35.130.65

СФHTT: II<sup>2</sup>1593.14, 1623.299; F6.20; S32.118.49/57

СФHTTI: II<sup>2</sup>1568.6, 1582.[181](see H19.251), 1620.36, 1622.354/367, 1623.175, 1624.77; 1632.12/161, 1672.52, 2017.18, 2018.15; H19.240ff.40, 19.270ff.5; K6, 13; S12.100/42/48, 16.123.13, 16.125.12, 32.118.67/70

СФHTTIO: A49.12/21

(c) II<sup>2</sup>1546.7, 1632.218f/[329]/342, 1706.126(168 Dow), 1925.[17], 2018.5, 2223.69; F6.[14](cf.II<sup>2</sup>2105.[6]); H16.65f.4; S16.123.[10], 18.36.A442f, 26.176.72(cf.II<sup>2</sup>2102.58), 35.130.3/66(cf.II<sup>2</sup>2122.28)

## 117. STEIRIA

(a) Στειριεύς

(b) CT: A460.80

CTE: II<sup>2</sup>1951.314, 2085.24

CTEI: II<sup>2</sup>2044.81, 2067.41/42(both CTI), 2130.14/110/114/115, 2213.22; H3.58f.6/7(both CTI)

CTEIP: II<sup>2</sup>1618.94, 1622.618, 1951.326 (CTEP), 2061.15, 2086.66, 2213.21; A477.15/16/17/18/19/20; F8.60/61; K4 (CTEP); S29.152.III60, 32.171.c5

CTEIPPI: II<sup>2</sup>1616.81(CTEPI), 2017.15/16, 2248.6; K81; S29.152.II13/21(CTIPI)/22 (CTIPI), 29.152.III24, 32.118.66

CTEIPIEY: A49.7

(c) II<sup>2</sup>1672.[244], 2019.25, 2223.[52]/55/57; A418.[6], 477.23/38/39; F7.12/29; S21.306.7

## 118. SYBRIDAI

(a) Συβρίδης

CYB: II<sup>2</sup>1623.101(p), 2020.35(or Sypalettos); H19.244ff.56(or Sypalettos: CY[.])

CYBPI: II<sup>2</sup>1628.68, 2042.16, 2128.16(COYBPI); S12.100.67, 26.176.17(COYBPI)

CYBPIΔ: II<sup>2</sup>1588.[13](see S28.135)

CYBPIΔH: II<sup>2</sup>1628.112, 1706.94(136 Dow)

- (c) S29.152.I82(or Sounion or Sypalettos)
- (d) For COY see under Sounion.

### 119. SYPALETTOS

- (a) Συπαλήττιος
- (b) CYΠ: II<sup>2</sup>1706.72(92 Dow), 2020.35(CYB)(or Sybridai), 2067.139(CYB)(t); H19.244ff.56(or Sybridai: CY[.]); S29.152.I52.(COYB)(p)  
CYΠΑ: II<sup>2</sup>2033.15(CYBA)  
CYΠΑΛ: II<sup>2</sup>1534.208, 1706.107(149 Dow); F4.35(COYBAΛ); S33.167.eII5  
CYΠΑΛΗ: II<sup>2</sup>1582.93, 1622.139, 1663.4, 1951.274  
CYΠΑΛΗΤ: II<sup>2</sup>1664.11, 1996.64(CYBAΛHT), 2019.27(CYBAΛHT); S21.392.41  
CYΠΑΛΗΤΤ: II<sup>2</sup>1534.204, 1598.22, 1938.23  
CYΠΑΛΗΤΤΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1938.32, 1940.17; A49.26  
(c) H19.254ff.[17f]/37f; S29.152.I82(or Sounion or Sybridai)

### 120. TEITHRAS

- (a) Τειθράσιος
- (b) TEΙΘ: II<sup>2</sup>1951.450  
TEΙΘΡΑ: II<sup>2</sup>1632.76/88; S16.128.5, 32.118.37  
TEΙΘΡΑCI: II<sup>2</sup>1574.4, 1628.44, 1641.14, 1940.28(or ΑΝΑΓΥΡ]ACI or ΘΡΙ]ACI or ΠΡ]ACI or ΠΤΕΛΕ]ACI or ΦΥΛ]ACI)/29(or ΑΝΑΓΥ]PACI or Π]PACI)

### 121. THEMAKOS

- (a) Θημακεύς
- (b) ΘΗΜΑΚ: H19.244ff.f3f(or AN]lAK or Λ]lAK); S28.129.[14]/16/18
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>1632.310

### 122. THORAI

- (a) Θοραιεύς
- (b) ΘΟΡ: II<sup>2</sup>2065.121/122(both t)  
ΘΟΡΑΙ· II<sup>2</sup>1622.368/565, 1930.15, 2128.104; XII 8.63.17; S35.130.12  
ΘΟΡΑΙΕΥ: II<sup>2</sup>1622.351; A49.17

## 123. THORIKOS

- (a) Θορίκιος
- (b) ΘΟΠ: II<sup>2</sup>1517.56f(p), 1622.742(p), 2050.87(t), 2193.75(t)  
 ΘΟΠΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1582.73, 1629.1022/[1028], 1631.251, 1951.273, 1996.57, 2119.60,  
 2128.53, 2194.17  
 ΘΟΠΙΚ: II<sup>2</sup>1628.544, 1632.250, 2208.66/67; S28.119.12, 28.122.8  
 ΘΟΠΙΚΗ: II<sup>2</sup>124.22, 1516.49, 1583.35, 1622.475, 1628.539,  
 1632.52/147/152/157/311; S16.126.11, 18.36.A503f, 28.129.[18], 28.130.[17]/47  
 ΘΟΠΙΚΙΟ: II<sup>2</sup>1706.105(147 Dow)
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>502.9f(t); S28.121.53(p), 28.123.12(p)/13, 28.130.50(p)

## 124. THRIA

- (a) Θριάσιος
- (b) ΘΠΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1616.89; S30.114.2  
 ΘΠΙΑ: II<sup>2</sup>1443.4, 2086.140; S30.114.4  
 ΘΠΙΑC: S28.121.15  
 ΘΠΙΑCI: II<sup>2</sup>450.10, 1436.2, 1615.89, 1940.28(or ΑΝΑΓΥΡ]ACI or ΠΡ]ACI or  
 ΠΤΕΛΕ]ACI or TEΙΘΡ]ACI or ΦΥΛ]ACI), 1951.408, 2097.202; K65, 93; S32.118.36  
 ΘΠΙΑCIO: II<sup>2</sup>1706.23
- (c) II<sup>2</sup>1534.258f

## 125. THYMAITADAI

- (a) Θυμαιτάδης
- (b) ΘΥΜ: II<sup>2</sup>2049.9  
 ΘΥΜΑΙ: I<sup>3</sup>377.18; II<sup>2</sup>1534.61, 1598.14, 1599.5, 1930.12, 2019.19  
 ΘΥΜΑΙΤ: I<sup>3</sup> 377.22  
 ΘΥΜΑΙΤΑ: II<sup>2</sup>1436.6; A49.19; H19.236ff.3  
 ΘΥΜΑΙΤΑΔ: II<sup>2</sup>1628.23

## 126. TRIKORYNTHOS

- (a) Τρικορύνθος
- (b) TP: II<sup>2</sup>2095.7(t)  
 TPIK: II<sup>2</sup>2020.49/50, 2067.10/109  
 TPIKO: II<sup>2</sup>1951.325, 1996.71; 2052.71, 2067.94/95/96; XII 8.63.13; S29.152.I50

TPIKOP: II<sup>2</sup>1625.10, 2046.18

TPIKOPY: II<sup>2</sup>1618.85, 1622.690, 2052.10; K35

TPIKOPYCI: II<sup>2</sup>1028.128, 1455.6, 1631.526/532, 1706.80(100 Dow)

#### 127. TRINEMEIA

(a) Τρινεμεύς

(b) TPI: II<sup>2</sup>2044.82(p)

TPIN: II<sup>2</sup>2044.86, 2130.76

TPINE: II<sup>2</sup>2020.74, 2075.21, 2130.174/175, 2361.22; S29.152.IV5

TPINEM: II<sup>2</sup>2274.8; A49.11, 86.106, 139.5

TPINEME: II<sup>2</sup>848.20(A129.130), 1028.143; A61.106; S34.146

(c) II<sup>2</sup>2035.1; A58.35(cf. HSuppl.I.31ff.35)

#### 128. TYRMEIDAI

(a) Τυρμείδης

(b) TYP: II<sup>2</sup>1958.6, 2067.186, 2103.171

TYPM: II<sup>2</sup>2086.179; F8.105

TYPMEI: II<sup>2</sup>1028.139, 1624.53

#### 129. XYPETE

(a) Ξυπεταιών

(b) ΞΥ: II<sup>2</sup>6932.2

ΞΥΠΙ: II<sup>2</sup>1951.92, 6932.3; S18.36.B258

ΞΥΠΕ: II<sup>2</sup>478.33, 1951.81, 2822.8, 6932.4; H9.72ff.18; S12.100.24, 18.36.B261, 29.152.IV3/4

ΞΥΠΙΕΤ: II<sup>2</sup>1930.26; S18.36.B61/265, 21.579.4

ΞΥΠΙETA: II<sup>2</sup>796.5, S12.100.21

ΞΥΠΙETAI: II<sup>2</sup>1436.[7], 1598.5, 1615.51, 1628.450, 2208.23; S12.100.25f, 18.36.A524f

(c) II<sup>2</sup>1576.75, 1612.283, 1958.30; F6.90; S18.36.B63/65/254, 33.167.eIII13

#### 130. SOME INTRANSIGENT CASES

(a) Single initial letter

Some instances of this are attributable on the basis of external evidence (see under Eupyridai, Halai, Kedoi, Kerameis, Koile, Paiania, Pallene, Phegous, Phlya, Pithos, Prospalta, Semachidai) but the following remain enigmatic:

II<sup>2</sup>1951.265: Π

II<sup>2</sup>2020.16: Φ

(b) Ambiguous end

- II<sup>2</sup>1582.135f: Τιμοκλῆς Φανοκ[....8...]Ιρω

Possible patronymics would seem to be Φανοκ[λείδου..], Φανοκ[λέους...], Φανοκ[ράτους..], Φανοκ[ρίτου...]. Possible demotics, therefore, besides Kirchner's MA]PA, would be ΔΕΙ]PA, ΠΕΙ]PA and conceivably ΘΟ]PA. (Α]PA and Π]PA would be too short; ΑΝΑΓΥ]PA, ΕΚ ΚΕ]PA and ΤΕΙΘ]PA too long.)

- II<sup>2</sup>1632.48: [τριήραρ: ....8...]ων

Shortening [τριήραρ to [τριήρ (cf. line 155 etc.) and envisaging a four-letter nomen allows a maximum of six stoichoi, that is, not enough for ἐκ Κεραμέ]ων but enough for (besides Kirchner's suggested ΕΥ]ΩΝ) ΑΙΞ]ΩΝ, Ι]ΩΝ, ΚΟΛ]ΩΝ, ΕΚ ΚΟΛ]ΩΝ, ΜΑΡΑΘ]ΩΝ, ΚΑΜΒ]ΩΝ.

(c) Abbreviation entirely unpreserved

- I<sup>3</sup>455.21-22: Ἐπιχ]Ιαρῖνος Ἐπιχαρ[ίον ...6..]. Lewis points out ad loc. that the deme must be Antiochid, which suggests a link with PA 5016; but if so (he adds) there is room only for the abbreviated ΚΟΛΩΝΗ. In fact any Antiochid demotic here (there are 12 others) would have to be abbreviated.

- II<sup>2</sup>34.38: discussed below, section IIB(i)

- II<sup>2</sup>502.7-8: Λυσιτρατ[ος ..5.., Φ]ιλόφρων Ἀτην, κτλ. The tribe of this symproedros is Antigonis; here, therefore, stood a five-letter abbreviation of any of the 15 demotics of that tribe.

## II: OBSERVATIONS

### (A) CHRONOLOGY

Although 'the use of abbreviations [was], on the whole, as foreign to the Greeks as it [was] congenial to the Romans and Byzantines',<sup>11</sup> the foreshortening of something as ubiquitous as Athenian demotics were, or became, can scarcely be regarded as a surprising phenomenon per se. Precisely when and how it began, however, is obscure. The earliest preserved instance on stone occurs in the 445/4 or 444/3 accounts of the chryselephantine

---

<sup>11</sup> Avi-Yonah (note 4, above) 10.

statue of Athena (IG I<sup>3</sup>455). There the ten tamiae are listed in tribal order with patronymic and demotic (lines 10-22); but while seven of the ten clearly have full demotics and an eighth probably does, abbreviation of the demotic seems an inescapable assumption in line 22<sup>12</sup> and is manifest in line 17 (AXAPN). And a year or two later the heading of the tribute list of 443/2 reads as follows: ἐπὶ τὲ c ἀρχὲ c τὲ c δο]δεκά[τ]εc heī [C]οφίαc ἐγρα[μμάτ]ενε 'Ελευσίνι (IG I<sup>3</sup> 269.1).

Sophias' immediate predecessor had appeared with a full demotic, and so too, as far as their nomenclature is preserved, did his successors; so, whatever his own preferences in this regard,<sup>13</sup> no trend seems to have been set. But in any case it is not clear whether the practice of abbreviating demotics originated in such official documents as these, and there is some reason to think, rather, that its ultimate beginnings lay in ostracism. The perplexing IG I<sup>2</sup>914, with (in lines 3-4) its boustrophedon Πολύτιμος Πρασι, looks unlikely<sup>14</sup> to have been an ostrakon in the accepted sense of the term but something less ephemeral;<sup>15</sup> and, of abbreviated demotics on true ostraka, both Περιθοί and (if it is not a patronymic or the iteration of the victim's name) Μυρ<sup>16</sup> are from the 420s or later. However, Menon of Gargettos, a candidate at some time or times in the 480-460s, is variously identified as Γαρ, Γαργέ and Γαργῆττ.<sup>17</sup> As far as I can discover, these are the only abbreviated demotics which occur on published ostraca, and we await, still, the full publication of the Kerameikos finds of the 1960s to judge whether the practice was widespread.

Be that as it may, the abbreviation of demotics was evidently acceptable in public documents of the second half of the fifth century - those, at least, of a catalogue type - and more than a dozen other instances can be found (the bulk of them in IG I<sup>3</sup>327, 377 and especially the Erechtheion accounts 475-476). Then, in and from the fourth century, the phenomenon seems really to have taken root, spreading in some measure into other categories of document, private as well as public (see below, B), but remaining characteristic of lists, inventories, etc. containing a high proportion of individual names. In no period, and in no type of document, did abbreviated demotics consistently and systematically usurp full ones, but the habit of abbreviation, once entrenched, persisted almost as long as did deme-

<sup>12</sup> See above, section I no.130(c).

<sup>13</sup> It is interesting to note that in IG I<sup>3</sup>440 (the Parthenon accounts for 443/2) he is [ 'Ελ]ευσίνι[(line 125). Lewis prints [ 'Ελ]ευσίνι[οc ἐγραμμάτενε, but the abbreviation should be deemed a possibility.]

<sup>14</sup> pace E.Vanderpool, *Hesperia Suppl.* 8 (1949) 411.

<sup>15</sup> Thus A.Brueckner, *AM* 40 (1915) 25-26, no.2; cf. R.Thomsen, *The Origin of Ostracism* (Copenhagen 1972) 70 n.42.

<sup>16</sup> E.Vanderpool, *Hesperia* 43 (1974) 190, nos.6 and 12 respectively.

<sup>17</sup> F.Willemsen, *AM* 80 (1965) 117 no.27, 118 no.31 (cf.32); id., *Deltion* 23 (1968) *Chronika* p.29.

membership itself - the latest datable instances coming from the mid-third century AD (e.g. IG II<sup>2</sup>2245, the ephebes of 255/6).

### (B) GENRE AND DISTRIBUTION

Whatever its origins (as we have just seen) in other quarters, the abbreviated demotic soon found, and sustained, its natural home in lists, an epigraphic context in which large numbers of individual Athenian citizens (or else Athenian citizens individually, as on the dikastic pinakia) needed to be identified and distinguished from others, fellow-citizens and/or non-citizens. The great preponderance of them thus occur in building accounts, inventories, naval catalogues, leases (and security horoi), and - above all - the ephebic documents which so proliferated between the third century BC and the third century AD.<sup>18</sup> Abbreviated demotics do feature, however, to a degree which is worth noting, in more unexpected circumstances.

#### (i) Decrees.

There is no surviving instance of an abbreviated demotic in a decree of the fifth century, but in the fourth and third centuries (and occasionally thereafter, e.g. IG II<sup>2</sup>1036) they appear, if not commonly, at least in sufficient numbers to dispel any hint of anomalousness. If we can rely on what survives, abbreviation occurs first in the body of decrees and gravitates from there to their prescripts (chairmen, proposers, secretaries, even honorands). Given the complications presented by lines 37-38 of IG II<sup>2</sup>34 (the Athens-Chios treaty of 384 BC)<sup>19</sup> it will be safest to say that the earliest surviving instances feature in IG II<sup>2</sup>102 (the treaty with Amyntas of Macedon, 375-373 BC). There the (?)five listed Athenian envoys manifestly have abbreviated demotics in two cases (lines 18-19) and perhaps did so *passim*. See also IG II<sup>2</sup>105.4-5 (with D.M.Lewis, ABSA 49 (1954) 37-38), 123.5-6, 124.19ff, 143 (with SEG 34.63) *passim*, 220.4-5, 233.4, 332.3-4, 336.1-2 (with E.Schweigert, Hesperia 9 (1940) 340f) and 5-6, 360.2-4 and 46, 383.2-3, 399.4-5, 414a.3-

---

<sup>18</sup> Catalogues of bouleutai are another matter. While individual officers of the council have their demotics and these demotics are sometimes abbreviated, the councillors themselves (save in special circumstances such as those exemplified in the dedication Agora XV no.49) were routinely grouped under collective rather than individual demotics; and such demotics were given in full. (In line 26 of Agora XV no.406 Κολλύ is surely Κολλύν(τεύc), as per SEG XIV 92, rather than Meritt and Traill's Κολλύν(τεῖc).)

<sup>19</sup> Δημοκλε[ίδη][c. c.4. οΐδ]ε ἐπρέβευον Χίων κτλ. Unless this is a mason's error for Δημοκλ<η>|[c, `c.4' letters for the demotic (fr.d of the stone is not reliably stoich.30) raises the possibility that it was abbreviated (a possibility which in point of fact exists also for the first and third of the five envoys; the second and fourth have full demotics). No full demotic consists of a mere four letters, but five-letter ones (which would make the line one of 32 letters; cf., as restored, line 31) are 'Οηθεν, Πήληξ and "Ωαθεν. Could this man be PA 3483, Δημοκλέδης Οιήθεν (sic: IG II<sup>2</sup>6964, first half of the fourth century)?

5 (with Schweigert loc.cit., including his line numbering), 450. 6-10, 502.7-12, 668.25f, 796.4-5, 1152.3-7 (tribal decree), 1190.2 (deme decree); SEG 14.64.38-56, 16.52.1-2, 16.63.4-5, 21.306.4-5, 21.336.4, 21.515.1-4, 21.527.76-79.

### (ii) Dedications.

Here again there is no surviving instance from the fifth century but plenty (both collective and individual) from the fourth and subsequent centuries. See (e.g.) IG II<sup>2</sup>2814.3-9, 2822.6-8, 2859.2, 3105.6-52, 3424.5 and 9, 3607.12-37, 3698, 3704, 3744.11, 3751.5, 4073.13, 4879 (with Follet, Athènes 169f); IG XII 8.63.4-17, 67.4; Agora XV 49.4-35; Hesperia 9 (1940) 72-77 no.10.3-20, 16 (1947) 65-66 no.4.2.

### (iii) Tombstones.

The overwhelming majority of these most personal of Attic inscriptions give the dead their demotic in full, but in the fourth century (BC) there are signs of a modest vogue (amongst masons, if not necessarily their customers) for abbreviation: IG II<sup>2</sup>5573, 5579, 5949, 6117, 6309, 6597, 6826-7, 6896, 6932; SEG (?) 19.256, 28.316 (IG II<sup>2</sup>10753); Agora XVII 203. From subsequent centuries I know of only Agora XVII 127 (first century BC or AD) and, possibly (see Bradeen's note ad loc.), 223 (second century AD).

## (C) 'RATIONALITY' AND AMBIGUITY

Of abbreviations in general, Avi-Yonah writes as follows:<sup>20</sup>

"The double criterion of a rational abbreviation is....: (1) that it saves space and labour; (2) that its meaning is clear, either because the word is well known or because it can be easily completed from the context... The correct way to use abbreviations is to avoid the two opposite pitfalls: obscurity and prolixity. A rational method of abbreviation requires that enough letters be left of the abbreviated word to make its identification certain and not a matter of guesswork. Hence abbreviations restricted to the first letter of a word are not rational, unless the word be very well known."

Judged by these exacting standards, the abbreviation of Athenian demotics displayed only haphazard regard for rationality. A 'rational' abbreviation for each demotic (employing the Ionic alphabet, with eta and omega but no aspirant) would have produced something like the following:

---

<sup>20</sup> Avi-Yonah (note 4, above) 9-10.

ΑΧΑ (Acharnai)	ΑΓΝ (Hagnous)	ΕΞ (Ο) (Oion)
ΑΧΕ (Acherdous)	ΑΛΑ (Halai)	ΟΤ (Otryne)
ΑΓΡ (Agryle)	ΑΛΙ (Halimous)	ΠΑΙΑ (Paiania)
ΑΙΓ (Aigilia)	ΑΜΑ (Hamaxanteia)	ΠΑΙΟ (Paionidai)
ΑΙΘ (Aithalidai)	ΕΚ (Hekale)	ΠΑΛ (Pallene)
ΑΙΞ (Aixone)	ΕΡΜ (Hermos)	ΠΑΜ (Pambotadai)
ΑΛΩ (Alopeke)	ΕΣ (Hestiaia)	ΠΕΙ (Peiraieus)
ΑΜΦ Amphitrope)	ΙΠ (Hippotomadai)	ΠΗ (Pelekes)
ΑΝΑΓ (Anagyrous)	Υ (Hybadai)	ΠΕΡΓ (Pergase)
ΑΝΑΚ (Anakaia)	ΙΚ (Ikarion)	ΠΕΡΙ (Perithoidai)
ΑΝΑΦ (Anaphlystos)	ΙΟ (Ionidai)	ΦΑ (Phaleron)
ΑΓΓ (Angele)	ΙΦ (Iphistiadai)	ΦΗΓΑ (Phegaia)
ΑΓΚ (Ankyle)	ΕΚ ΚΗ (Kedoi)	ΦΗΓΟ (Phegous)
ΑΝΤ (Antinoeis)	ΚΕΙ (Keiriadai)	ΦΙ (Philaidai)
ΑΦ (Aphidna)	ΚΕΦ (Kephale)	ΦΛ (Phlya)
ΑΠ (Apollonieis)	ΚΗΦ (Kephisia)	ΦΡ (Phrearrhioi)
ΑΡ (Araphen)	ΕΚ ΚΕ (Kerameis)	ΦΥ (Phyle)
ΑΤ (Atene)	ΚΗΤ (Kettos)	ΠΙ (Pithos)
ΑΘ (Athmonon)	ΚΙ (Kikynna)	ΠΛ (Plotheia)
ΑΥ (Auridai)	ΕΚ ΚΟΙ (Koile)	ΠΟΡ (Poros)
ΑΖ (Azenia)	ΚΟΛΛ (Kollytos)	ΠΟΤ (Potamos)
ΒΑ (Bate)	ΚΟΛΩ (Kolonai)	ΠΡΑ (Prasiai)
ΒΕ (Berenikidai)	ΕΚ ΚΟΛ (Kolonos)	ΠΡΟΒ(Probalinthos)
ΒΗ (Besa)	ΚΟΝ (Konthyle)	ΠΡΟΣ (Prospalta)
ΒΟ (Boutadai)	ΚΟΠ (Kopros)	ΠΤ (Ptelea)
ΧΟΛΑ (Cholargos)	ΚΟΡ (Korydallos)	Ρ (Rhamnous)
ΧΟΛΛ (Cholleidai)	ΚΟΘ (Kothokidai)	ΣΗ (Semachidai)
ΔΑ (Daidalidai)	ΚΡΙ (Krioa)	ΣΚ (Skambonidai)
ΔΕΙ (Deiradiotai)	ΚΡΟ (Kropidai)	ΣΟ (Sounion)
ΔΕΚ (Dekeleia)	ΚΥΔΑΝ Kydantidai)	ΣΦ (Sphettos)
ΔΙ (Diomeia)	ΚΥΔΑΘ (Kydathenaion)	ΣΤ (Steiria)
ΕΙΡ (Eiresidai)	ΚΥΘ (Kytheros)	ΣΥΒ (Sybridai)
ΕΙΤ (Eitea)	ΛΑΚ (Lakiadai)	ΣΥΠ (Sypalettos)
ΕΛΑ (Elaious)	ΛΑΜ (Lamptra)	ΤΕ (Teithras)

ΛΕ (Eleusis)	ΛΕ (Leukonoion)	ΘΗ (Themakos)
ΕΠΙΕ (Epieikidai)	ΛΟ (Lousia)	ΘΟΠΑ (Thorai)
ΕΠΙΚ (Epikephisia)	ΜΑ (Marathon)	ΘΟΠΙ (Thorikos)
ΕΡΧ (Erchia)	ΜΕ Melite)	ΘΡ (Thria)
ΕΡΙ (Erikeia)	ΜΥ (Myrrhinous)	ΘΥ (Thymaitadai)
ΕΡΟ (Eroiadai)	ΕΚ Μ (Myrrhinoutta)	ΤΡΙΚ (Trikorynthos)
ΕΥΩ (Euonymon)	Ω (Oa)	ΤΡΙΝ (Trinemeia)
ΕΥΠ (Eupyridai)	ΟΗ (Oe)	ΤΥ (Tyrmeidai)
Γ (Gargettos)	ΟΙ (Oinoe)	Ξ (Xypete)

Here the only prior knowledge required of the reader is that of the full demotics themselves (including awareness of those of the ἐκ/ἐξ -type). This allows - pace Avi-Yonah - for single-letter abbreviations where only one demotic begins with any given letter (Γ, Ξ, (ΕΞ) Ο, Ρ, Υ) but does not shorten others to a degree which would call for familiarity with the system of abbreviation per se (e.g. by representing Ἀχαρνεύς as Α, Φηγαιεύς as Φη, or Θοραιεύς as Θορ).

A very small proportion of actually attested abbreviations meet such criteria, however. Most of them fall instead into one or the other of Avi-Yonah's 'pitfalls'.

That on the whole they are unnecessarily long will have emerged plainly enough from Section I. For example, AZH was preferred to the 'rational' AZ, and the economy of P was entirely spurned, it would seem, in favour of PA-PAMNOYCI. We are bound to conclude that no store was set by making each and every abbreviation as short as it could intelligibly be; and to find this puzzling or surprising would be to apply a test of logic which the Athenians themselves evidently did not.

One may, though, legitimately voice some surprise at the extent - beginning in a small way in the fourth century but more common in the Hellenistic and, especially, Roman periods - not of prolixity but of obscurity, of instances where the full demotic presupposed is by no means 'certain and not a matter of guesswork' (Avi-Yonah). Most strikingly, single-letter abbreviations are used not where they would have been 'rational' but elsewhere;<sup>21</sup> and in general a blithe disregard is shown for the fact that any abbreviation shorter than five letters will produce prima facie confusion between Kydantidai and Kydathenaion, and any

---

<sup>21</sup> A (see under Halai), E (see under Eupyridai), (ἐκ) K (see under Kedoi, Kerameis, Koile), Λ (see under Lamptrai, Leukonoion), Π (see under Paiania, Pallene, Pithos, Prospalta, and intransigent cases), C (see under Semachidai), Φ (see under Phegous, Phlya, and intransigent cases), X (see under Cholargos).

shorter than four between (e.g.) Anagyrous, Anakaia and Anaphlystos.<sup>22</sup> True, Avi-Yonah's criterion of context (above) can sometimes have helped. Thus in (e.g.) the Pandionid sector of IG II<sup>2</sup>2061 the reader could be relied upon to realize that the four ephebes designated KYΔA or KYΔ hailed from Kydathenaion rather than Kydantidai and their seven colleagues called ΠAI from Paiania and not Paionidai. Indeed, in many ephebic documents (and others) precisely this knowledge - that of the tribal affiliation of demes as well as of their individual demotics - both was and must have been recognized to be a sine qua non for deciphering some of the abbreviations, whether to single letters (above, n.21) or to two-, three- or four-letter abbreviations whose intelligibility demanded it. Furthermore, restricting the field of possibility to the microcosm of a single tribe not only permitted the use of abbreviations shorter than would otherwise have been 'rational' but also, if desired, allowed the same abbreviation to stand for more than one demotic - both from one stone to another and even, on occasion, within the selfsame document.<sup>23</sup> Yet when all this is said and done there remain numerous cases of abbreviated demotics where what the reader needed - as we ourselves need - was extraneous knowledge of something else again: individual Athenian prosopography.

#### (D) PREFERENCE AND CONVENIENCE

Granted that the abbreviation of demotics was unsystematic on every possible level, someone must nonetheless have been responsible for it in the case of any given document - but who? Was it the masons, who actually cut the stones, or was it their clients, whether private individuals or officers of the state? Such questions necessarily extend far beyond the limited phenomenon investigated here,<sup>24</sup> and answers to them are hard to come by. Yet just occasionally we may discern a guiding hand.

Sometimes it is the mason's. Line 6 of IG II<sup>2</sup>123 (decree about the garrisoning of Andros, 356 BC), for example, reads (τῶν προέδρων ἐπ[ε]ψή[φιζε] Διό]τι[μ]οc Οίνοι: ἔδοξε τῇ βου[λῇ] καὶ τῷ δῆ[μῳ]. This crams in eleven more letters than any other line, out of concern (it would seem) to begin line 7 with the proposer's name and motion; and the Hartel-Dittenberger hypothesis that the mason's initial calculations of space had overlooked

---

<sup>22</sup> Other demes prima facie confusable through abbreviations shorter than four letters are Cholargos/Cholleidai, Epieikidai/Epikephisia, Kollytos/Kolonai, Paiania/Paionidai, Pergase/Perithoidai, Phegaiia/Phegous, Probalinthos/Prospalta, Thorai/Thorikos, Trikorynthos/Trinemeia.

<sup>23</sup> Examples of the latter phenomenon are ΕΠΙ for both Epieikidai and Epikephisia in IG II<sup>2</sup>2052 and ΠAI for both Paiania and Paionidai in IG II<sup>2</sup>2086 and 2211.

<sup>24</sup> See (e.g.) K.J.Dover, 'The language of classical Attic documentary inscriptions', Trans.Philol.Soc. 1981, 1-14, repr. as Greek and the Greeks: collected papers I (Oxford 1987) ch.3.

τῆι βουλῆι καί remains an attractive one. Or again, and on a larger canvass, there is IG II<sup>2</sup>1028, where the confinement of abbreviated demotics (amidst full ones) to columns II and III of the list of ephebes betrays itself as a space-saving strategy; note also IG II<sup>2</sup>1938 and 1940.

With other documents, however, the preference for abbreviation may lie elsewhere. In 334/3 BC the γραμματεὺς κατὰ πρυτανείαν was one Mnesiphilos of Phaleron, and four decrees from his year survive: IG II<sup>2</sup>335, 336a, 405 and 414a. His full nomenclature, including demotic, is not preserved in any of them. Nonetheless Eugene Schweigert was able to show that, while in 335 and 405 it was the full Φαληρέύς, in 336a and 414a it was merely Φαλη. What is more, Φαλη was cut by different masons - 335, 405 and 414a being identifiably the work of the same man, and indeed passed on the same day.<sup>25</sup> That Mnesiphilos always favoured the abbreviated demotic would thus be too much to claim. That it took his fancy - no other secretary is known to have twice abbreviated his own - would not.

University of Manchester

David Whitehead

---

<sup>25</sup> E.Schweigert, *Hesperia* 9 (1940) 339-341, esp.339.