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THE INSCRIBED LEAD TABLET FROM PHALASARNA

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The Bronze Collection of the National Museum at Athens houses a puzzling lead tablet of Hellenistic date, from Phalasarna on the western tip of Crete, of whose basically hexametric but manifestly corrupt 11-line apotropaic text Paul Maas¹ writes: “[It] is for the most part nonsensical. Different kinds of nonsense appear, chiefly the following four.

- “1) The Ἐφέσια γράμματα, lines 6ff.: ασκικατασκι, etc.²
 - “2) Other barbaric groups of letters, line 3: πυξτυαιαγαλις; lines 3 and 9: τετραγος, etc.
 - “3) Greek words and phrases in no intelligible context, line 3: αἰαῖ ἐγώ δ' ἔλκει; line 8: μακάρων κατ' ἀμαξιτὸν αὐδάν, etc.
 - “4) Greek words more or less corrupt, line 5: δαντων for βάντων or δράντων; line 7: κταδεε[...]α εδαθηι καταλμαξιτον for κατάδεεμα ἑδόθη (or δοθηι) κατ' ἀμαξιτόν, etc.”
- He gives the bibliography³ and notes that “for epigraphical evidence one still depends on the inadequate reproduction in the first edition.” To remedy this, I offer a tracing (FIG. 2) made from the tablet itself,⁴ a transcription, and a very tentative text. I do not pretend to remove what difficulties Maas saw, rather merely to provide a firmer basis for their discussion. There are departures from the transcription in E. Ziebarth’s *ed. pr.*; rather than list them all, I reprint (FIG. 1) his “inadequate reproduction.”

The provenance is known only from the man who sold the tablet in 1890 to the Athens Archaeological Society. From Crete no writing on lead of any date, as far as I know, is available to compare for dating.⁵ The letter-forms, “epigraphical” as at Derveni and in the early Timotheus papyrus, suggest the 4th or perhaps early 3rd century. Ziebarth: *c. 300*; “dazu stimmt das Jota adscriptum, das, wie es scheint, nirgends fehlt, das ο für ου in αύτο und κήπο.”

Phrases in lines 6-7 (*J-N* below) find parallels on a probably somewhat older inscribed lead tablet from Selinous, which R. D. Kotansky and I shall publish, in the J. Paul Getty Museum.

¹ “Ἐπενικτός,” *Hesperia* 13 (1944) 36-37.

² For these see now K. Preisendanz, “Ephesia grammata,” *RAC* 5 (1961) 515-20.

³ *Ed. pr.*: E. Ziebarth, “Neue attische Fluchtafeln,” *NachrGött* (1899) 105-35, pp. 129-32, no. 26, with ad-vice from R. Wünsch. Reconstruction of text and detailed commentary: Wünsch, “Neue Fluchtafeln,” *RhM* 55 (1900) 62-85, pp. 73-85; C. C. McCown, “The Ephesia grammata in popular belief,” *TAPA* 54 (1923) 123-36 (with English translation). Text and brief notes: D. Levi, “Silloge in corsivo delle iscrizioni metriche cretesi,” *SIFC* n.s. 2 (1922) 321-400, p. 394; *ICret* II (19) 7. Notes: S. Eitrem, “Varia,” *Nordisk Tidskrift for Filologi*, ser. iv 10 (1922) 102-16, p. 115, no. 39.

⁴ I made the tracing in the early 1970’s, when Evi Touloupa was director of the Bronze Collection; I am very grateful to her and to her two successors, Petros Kalligas and Roza Proskinitopoulou, for making my work there easy and pleasant. I am also grateful to Anna Panayotou for providing the immediate incentive for these notes and for recently examining the tablet with me, letter by letter; as a result I have now changed the tracing of certain letters in Line 1.

⁵ From Lappa on Crete but now lost is a lead tablet of Roman Imperial date, *ICret* II (16) 28, cursing vio-lators of a tomb.

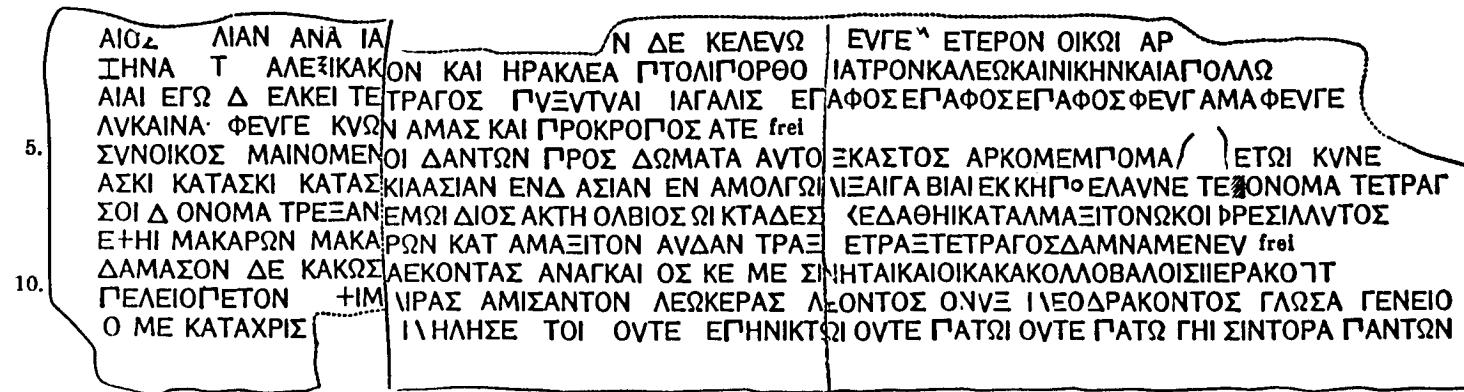


Fig. 1. Ziebarth's "Reproduction"

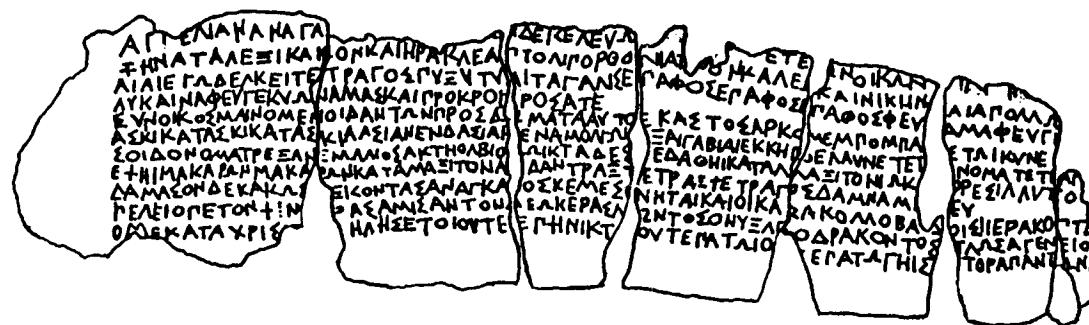


Fig. 2. My Tracing.

(Dotted lines are those that I could not be sure I saw.)

National Museum, Athens
Inv. X.9355

max. pr. H. 0.037 m.
max. pr. W. 0.145 m.

Phalsarna
IVP or early IIIP

- 1 αγγ^aελιαναναγα[—c.12—]ω^bνδεκελευω[c.2] c[1-2]ετε[.]ωνοικων[1-2]ων^cπ[
 2 ζηναλεξακακουκαιηρακλεαπτολιπορθονιατρεονκαλεωκαινικην[.]αιαπολλω[
 3 αιαιεγωδελκειτετραγοσπυξυναιταγαλιεπαφοσεπαφοσεπαφοσφεν[.]αμαφενγ. f[
 4 λυκαιναφευγεκυωναμασκαιπροκροπ^dροσατε vacat [
 5 σ^eυνοικομαινοιδαντωνπροσδωματααυτοεκαστοσαρκομεμπομπα[1-2]ετωικυνε vac.? [
 6 ασκικατασκικατασκιασιανενδασια. ἵναμολγω[1-2]ξαιγαβιαιεκηποελαυνετ^fει[1-3]νοοματετρ^gκαγ[
 7 σοιδονοματρεξανεμωλιοσακτηολβιοσιωικταδε[.]εδαθηικαταμαξιτοιωκ[1-3]φ^hηρεσιλλυτο vac.? [
 8 εχημακαρωμακαρωνκαταμαξιτονα[.]δαντραξτετετραξτετετραγοσδαμναμ. π[1-2]ευ vac. [
 9 δαμασονδεκακως[.]εκοντασαναγκα[?]οσκεμεσινηταικαιοικακαλοβαδοισιερακοπτε[
 10 πελειοπετονχⁱμ[c.2]ρασαμισαντονλεωκεραςλ[.]ωντοσονυξλεοδρακοντοс[?]γλωσαγενειο. P[
 11 ομεκαταχριс. q[^{c.3}]ηλητετοιουτεεπηνικτ[^{c.2}]ουτεπατωιο[1-2]τεπατωγηιс[1-2]τοραπαντωνα[

^aγγ or π. Unclear whether high horizontal extends to touch top of 2nd vertical or whether anything extended right from top of 2nd vertical. Foot of 2nd vertical slightly higher than 1st. Πs have right legs raised, e.g. πελειοπετον (10), but some not so high, e.g. παντων (11).

^bRight-hand end of low horizontal: ε, ζ, ξ, ς, or ω. ^cTraces too worn to draw, compatible with υγ of Ziebarth's [φ]εύγεμ<εν>. ^dE.g. ων, αι

^eRight-hand half of high, small circle: ρ or φ. ^fFull vertical, broken off at right. ^gπ or γ. ^hα begun as ε vel sim. ⁱν or η; what stands right of vertical slopes less than diagonal of most νs.

^jHigh horizontal: γ, ε, ζ, ξ, π, or τ. ^kFull vertical, broken off at right. ^lTwo left-hand wedges of c, too small to draw.

^mRight-hand half of high, small circle: ρ or φ. ⁿFull vertical, broken off at right. ^oRoom for narrow letter at most. ^PVertical, with possible right-hand connection at top. ^qHigh horizontal: γ, ε, ζ, ξ, π, or τ.

Letters read by Ziebarth but now lost are underlined.

- A 1'Αγγελίαν (?) ἀνὰ ΓΑ[~-- ~] τ]ῶνδε κελεύω
- B [φε]ύγιεμεν [ήμ]ετέρων οἴκων [~]ών [ἀ]π[ὸ] - -].
- C 2Ζῆνα τ' ἀλεξίκακον καὶ Ἡρακλέα πτολίπορθον,
- D Ιατρὸν καλέω καὶ Νίκην καὶ Ἀπόλλωνα].
- E 3αἰαῖ ἐγὼ δ' ἔλκει τε τράγος ΠΥΞΥΤΥΑΙΤΑΓΑΛΙC
- F ἔπαφος, ἔπαφος, ἔπαφος, φεῦ[γ'],] ἄμα φεῦγε, ⁴λύκαινα·
- G φεῦγε, κύων ἄμα σύ,> καὶ ΠΡΟΚΡΟΠΡΟΣΑΤΕ vac. ⁵σύνοικος.
- H μαίνομενοι δάντων πρὸς δώματα αὐτῷ ἔκαστος.
- I Ὁρκόμεμ πΟΜΠΑ[¹⁻²]ΕΤΩΙ κύνε.
- J 6Ασκὶ Κατασκὶ {κατασκὶ} Αασιαν Ενδασιαν ἐν ἀμολγῷ
- K [ᾳ]ξ ἀ̄γα βίαι ἐκ κήπο ἐλαύνετε τ[ῶι ὁ]νόμα Τέτραγ[οc].
- L 7coὶ δ' ὄνομα Τρεξ <--> ἀνεμώλιος ἀκτή.
- M "Ολβιο[ς] ὦι κ<α>τὰ δὲ c[κ]εδαθῆι κατ' ἀμαξιτὸν "ὦ."
- N K[OI]ΦΡΕCI ΛΛΥΤΟ[vac.?] 8ἔχηι μακάρων [μακαρων] κατ' ἀμαξιτὸν a[ὑ]δάν,
- O Τραξ Τέτραξ Τέτραγος
- P Δαμναμε[υ]εῦν vac. 9δάμασον δὲ κακῶς [ἀλέκοντας ἀνάγκαι].
- Q ὅς κέ με cίνηται καὶ ὅι κακὰ ΚΟΛΛΟΒΑΔΟΙCI
- R ἵερακόπτε[ρον?] 10πελειόπετον χιμ[αί]ρας ἀμισαντον λεωκέρας λ[έ]ωντος
ὄνυξ, λεοδράκοντος γλόσαν γένειον.
- S 11ὅ με καταχρίστωι δηλήσετοι οὔτε ἐπηνίκτωι
- T οὔτε πατῶι [οὐτ'] ἐπατωγῆι, c[ί]μπτορ ἀπάντων. a

A-D “I bid you to flee from these houses of ours.... I call on Zeus the averter of ills, Herakles the sacker of cities, Iatros, Nike, Apollon.” E τε τράγος or Τέτραγος, as if the genitive of one of the ἐφέσια γράμματα (cf. Hsch. s.v., ἄσκιον, κατάσκιον, λίξ, τέτραξ, δαμναμενεύς, αἴσιον)? The Cretan nymph Ἀκακάλλις conj. Eitrem H “Let them run (βάντων conj. Ziebarth, δ<ρ>άντων Wünsch), maddened, each to his own house.” J-N Getty: ασκὶ κατασκὶ αασ-σιασια ενδασι[αν προς?] / αμολγον αιξ αιγα βίαι εκ κήπου ελαυνετε] / τωι δ ονομα τετραγ[] / τετροαναρ αγετε τραγ[αιε]/μωλιος α[κ]τε ινδατων ιθ[] / ολβιος ωι [κα]τα δε σκεδαθῆι κατ αμα]/ξιτοι] ιω []φρασιναυ[] M δέ for δή? “Happy he for whom has been shed, on the highway, (the mystic shout) iō!” cf. the road at the end of the Hipponian gold text: καὶ δέ καὶ συχν(ὰ)v ινδόν ἔρχεα<i>ι hán τε καὶ ἄλλοι / μύσται καὶ βάχχοι ιιεράν στείχοι κλεεεινοί. N φρεσσίλυτος (hapax) “mad” conj. Wünsch O Or Τραξ τε Τραξ τε τράγος? Q οἵ: read ὅς? “Whoever hurts me and who....” R ἵερακόπτερον (or πτερυξ), πελειόπετον (evidently from πέλεια “dove”), ἀμισαντον (from ἀ + μις-, something to ward off hatred?), λεωκέρας (for λευκοκ-?), λεοδράκων add. lex. “Hawk’s-feather (or -wing), *peleiopeton*, white-horned (?) amisantron of she-goat, claw of lion, tongue, mane (?) of *leôdrakôn*.” *Materia magica?* S ὅ: οὔ Maas, οὖ Wünsch, ὅ<c> conj. Ziebarth, Eitrem δηλήσεται conj. Eitrem ἐπενίκτωι conj. Maas T ποτῶι conj. Maas S-T, as if continuing Q, “shall not harm me with ointment or with application (so Maas; ghost?) or with drink or with spell (ἐπατ- for ἐπαγωγῆι), spoiler (cίντωρ add. lex.) of all things.” a a number? The text the first of several?