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More on P.Oxy. LXI 4096, Mythographus Homericus

aus: Zeitschrift für Papyrologie und Epigraphik 113 (1996) 24–26

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Michael Haslam has recently published some notes on P.Oxy. 4096 based on his inspection of the photographs in the first edition¹. During a stay at Oxford, where I inspected the 77 papyrus fragments, I simultaneously arrived at some of the same observations. The following notes therefore consist primarily of additions to or comments on Haslam's notes and remarks on readings², the most significant at fr. 11, 26 and 48.

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Fr. 1. 15 the remains are not against Haslam's Ηλε]κτραν
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- 16]. θ ' α ' ed. pr. : instead of θ , perhaps o with a stroke through it
- 18]λογο.[ed. pr. :]λογου[, (υ[almost certain)

Fr. 2. ii 3 γ [ed. pr., but perhaps π [

- 4 προς αγ[ορευ ed. pr., but γ is followed by another vertical trace; instead of γ .[, perhaps π [
- 14 τ $\hat{\omega}$ [v ed. pr. : το[
- Fr. 3 Haslam's ' $A\kappa$]ouc[$\iota\lambda\acute{\alpha}\phi$ fits very well since the trace after ou is not a "low speck" (ed. pr.) but the bottom of a curve. Lines 1-5 run as follows:

- 4] ϕ ì α [ed. pr., but α cannot be read; ϵ fits the traces better, perhaps o
- Fr. 4 As Haslam suggests, the second line reads]ρον κερά[. Compare the following passages from the scholia on *Il*. 21, 194: τὸ ἔτερον τῶν κεράτων and μετανοῦ κέρας
- Frr. 5-6 Haslam's identification of fr. 5.i 5 and 15-16 is correct. Moreover, my reading of fr. 6.1]εις[[β.]][instead of]ης[[β.]][(ed. pr.) confirms the join of fr. 5.i 16 with fr. 6.1]φ.[. Together these lines yield ἐ]φιεὶς[
- 5. i 6 Haslam suggests: τὸν ᾿Απόλλωνα νό]μιον ὀν[ομ]άζ[ε | $c\theta$ αι but a ζ does not agree with the trace after α : an upright with a descending oblique, probably part of μ or ν . Besides, the upright after o in $o\nu$ [- is not necessarily a ν
- 5. ii 2 $\theta \alpha \phi o \rho$ [ed. pr. : the trace after o looks more like a vertical with a stroke through it; above o are traces from a correction: a vertical and a dot

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7 ...αυτού[ ed. pr. : ...αυτού[..]τ.[ in which .[ is o or ω 8 τα[[ε]] [ ed. pr. : perhaps ταθ[
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Editor's note: This article was printed in *ZPE* 112, 1996, 34–36 and is reprinted here, because part of the author's corrections had been misunderstood. We offer our apologies.

^{*} Thanks to a scholarship from the Netherlands Organization for Scientific Research (NWO) I was able to spend three months at Oxford.

¹ See M. Haslam, "On P.Oxy. LXI 4096, Mythographus Homericus", ZPE 110, 1996, 115-117.

² This list of readings is primarily concerned with the larger fragments. Further remarks will be published in my dissertation (forthcoming).

11 $\tau \epsilon \epsilon \mu \epsilon \nu [.].[$ ed. pr. : there seems to be a thin stroke through τ and perhaps through the second letter, which may be ϵ or o

12]η ed. pr. : perhaps]ει

6. 6 κατεcτω[ed. pr., but -η[or -ει[cannot be excluded

Fr. 7. 2 *Iliad* 22 is indicated by $\tau \hat{\eta}$]c X[and *Iliad* 24 (in fr. 11.8) by $\tau[\hat{\eta}c]$ Ω [(cf. Haslam, footnote 2)

3 Haslam's]ρειων[is correct

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Fr. 10. 3 ] ορος τος ed. pr. : ] ορος το[ι]ς
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9]...χει ed. pr. :]ας ἔχει

13 Instead of φ[α cιν (Haslam), λ[έγεται would fit the trace (a small oblique) better

19 κράτι[c ed. pr. : κρατε[ιc-

Fr. 11 A comparison with the T scholion on 23, 683 (Erbse, b.¹) - ζώμα δέ οἱ πρώτον ⟨παρακάββαλεν⟩: κατὰ τὴν δεκάτην καὶ τετάρτην 'Ολυμπιάδα ἐφ' Ἱππομένους 'Αθήνηςιν ἄρχοντος 'Ολυμπίαςι ςτάδιον θεόντων ἐν περιζώμαςι ςυνέβη ἕνα αὐτῶν "Ορςιππον ἐμποδιςθέντα ὑπὸ τοῦ περιζώματος πεςεῖν καὶ τελευτῆςαι ὅθεν ἐθεςπίσθη γυμνοὺς ἀγωνίζεςθαι κτλ. ³ - allows an almost complete reconstruction of 1ff.:

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[ ... τυνέβη ἕ-

1 να τούτ[ων "Ορτιππον ?

μα ἐνπο[διτθέντα ὑπὸ τοῦ περι-
ζώματος [πεσεῖν καὶ τελευ-
τῆσαι: ὅθεν [
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After this the introduction of running naked must have been recounted: cf. 1. 5]ειτηγητας[

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Fr. 15. 3 \text{cove}[\text{ed. pr.}:\theta[\text{also possible}]
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Fr. 16 The *historia* on Callicolone is attached to *Il*. 20, 53 not only in this papyrus (in contrast to the D-scholia where the story is attached to verse 3) but also in the bT-scholia (Erbse) and in *P.Berol*. 13930 (cf. R. Merkelbach, *APF* 16, 1958, 117-118)

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5 "λοφ[ον" (Haslam), or perhaps 4-5 ὑψη | λός[? Cf. D-sch. ὑψηλῷ τόπῷ 10 "ci] | μο[υντος or ποτα] | μο[υ" (Haslam), or επιςη] | μο[τατος ?
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Fr. 19 The empty space above l. 1 suggests the beginning of a story.][[ν]]κα.[could be part of a quotation or part of a prose story after a short quotation. In the first case, Il. 19, 127 χωόμενος φρεςὶν $\hat{\eta}$ ςι, καὶ ὤμοςε καρτερὸν ὅρκον could fit: this would also explain the correction ($\hat{\eta}$ ςι[[ν]] καὶ). However, the rest of the fragment shows no points of agreement with the scholia (only D) on the Styx.

Another possible verse would be II. 23, 660 πὺξ μάλ' ἀναςχομένω πεπληγέμεν ῷ δέ κ' ᾿Απόλλων. Against the quotation of this entire line speaks the positon of κ' ᾿Απόλλων. Perhaps only the second part was cited, followed immediately by the historia on Phorbas. Cf. sch. AD on II. 23, 660 Φόρβας ἀνδρει-ότατος τῶν καθ' αὐτὸν γενόμενος, ὑπερήφανος δὲ, πυγμὴν ἤςκηςεν ... Applied to the papyrus, this would give the following picture:

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ὧ δέ] [[ν]] κ' 'Απ[όλλων. Φόρβας ἀνδρει-
ότα]τος γ[ενόμενος ... (γ[ οτ π[ ed. pr.)
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 $^{^3}$ Cf. Erbse b. 2 : περιζώματα γὰρ ἕως τῶν ποδῶν διήκοντα ἐφόρουν πρὸς τὸ μὴ εὐκόλως πλήττεςθαι. ὕςτερον δὲ ᾿Αθήνηςί τινων ἀγωνιζομένων ἄρχοντος Ἱππομένους ςυνέβη ἕνα αὐτῶν πεςόντα πρὸς τὸ ἐμποδιςθῆναι ὑπὸ τοῦ περιζώματος τελευτῆςαι· ὅθεν ἐθεςπίςθη γυμοὺς ἀγωνίζεςθαι μέχρι τοῦ νῦν· κτλ. \mathbf{b} (BCE 3 E 4).

I have no explanation for the [v]. Lines 3 and 5-7 seem to be different whereas 1. 4 may coincide with $\pi v - |\gamma \mu \dot{\eta}| v \ddot{\eta} c \kappa \eta [c \varepsilon v \text{ (not } \eta c \chi \eta [ed. pr.)]$

5]κατατ[ed. pr. :]και .ατ[, the letter before ατ is probably κ (low dot and high oblique)

Fr. 20. 1 η [ed. pr. : ν [

4 πυκτικ[ης (Haslam) fits the traces

Fr. 21. 7]των ed. pr. :]την

Fr. 24 Autopsy confirms Haslam's identification of fr. 24. The proposed combination of this fragment with fr. 53 (ed. pr.) is thus impossible.

1].[, probably ε or c 7].. π [ed. pr. :].. τ [

Fr. 26 does not belong to this collection of fragments, for it is written in a different hand. The same might hold for fr. 65, in which certainly the υ and perhaps the ϵ are written differently, but this fragment is too small to settle the issue.

Fr. 48 The stroke beneath l. 6 points at the transition from one story to another. L. 6 probably contains part of a subscription and ll. 7-8 a quotation. The latter seem to agree with the quotation of *Il*. 24, 602 which introduces the story on Niobe (cited in ed. pr. at fr. 12):

κ]αὶ [γάρ τ' ἠΰκομος Νιόβη ἐμνήc]ατ[ο cίτου

9 the trace before ε does not resemble a μ (it is more like the right side of α , δ , κ or λ), which would have been convenient in view of the beginning of the text in the (D)-scholia: Νιόβη θυγάτηρ μὲν ἦν Ταντάλου, γυνὴ δὲ ᾿Αμφίονος. ςυνοικοῦςα δὲ ... The papyrus might have mentioned an alternative father or Niobe's mother or something similar.

10]υν[might stem from γυνή or cυνοικοῦςα

The historia preceding the one on Il. 24, 602 is a short story attached to Il. 24, 251 'Αλεξάνδρου τοξευθέντος ὑπὸ Φιλοκτήτου, Πρίαμος τὸν Ἑλένης γάμον ἔπαθλον ἔθηκε τῷ ἀριςτεύςαντι κατὰ τὴν μάχην, Δηΐφοβος δὲ γενναίως ἀγωνιςάμενος ἔγημεν αὐτήν. ἡ ἱςτορία παρὰ Λυκόφρονι. The traces of l. 6 (high dot, omicron and left side of curve) do not speak against the expected subscription:

ή δ' ίττορία παρὰ Λυκόφ[ρονι

Fr. 53. 5]ρην[ed. pr. :]ρη.[, [is a vertical. These letters are probably part of a citation⁴.

Fr. 61. 3 Haslam suggests the citation of *Il*. 23, 141. I would like to offer an alternative: *Il*. 20, 146 ὑψηλόν, τό ῥά οἱ Τρῶες καὶ Παλλὰς 'Αθήνη

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⁴ Haslam's "Fr. 50. 3" should be "Fr. 53. 3".